



**ANNUAL
REPORT
2022**

Our values

Excellence

Integrity and passion underpin our pursuit of scientific knowledge of the highest quality, while nurturing and inspiring the next generation of scientists.

Innovation

We inspire and enable world-class researchers at the frontiers of science and medicine to find new, transformative solutions to our greatest health challenges.

Partnerships

Our collaborative research environment allows scientists to leverage partnerships for true knowledge gain and patient impact.

Community

We care deeply about improving the health and wellbeing of our community and we are committed to rewarding its investment in science.

Our goals

Transformative medical research

We strive to improve the health of our community by undertaking outstanding medical research.

Enriching partnerships

We build and nurture meaningful partnerships to accelerate research discoveries to patient care.

Exceptional people and culture

We are a destination of choice, recognised for supporting and developing our staff and students.

Enabling success

We deliver a world-class research environment.



Postdoctoral scientist Dr Stacey Ellery and her son Archie
Photograph by Ian Currie

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About us

A global bioscience medical research leader, Hudson Institute advances healthcare through groundbreaking, collaborative medical research discoveries and their translation into real-world impact.

Our internationally recognised research programs deliver in five areas of medical need

- Inflammation
- Cancer
- Reproductive health
- Newborn health
- Hormones and health.

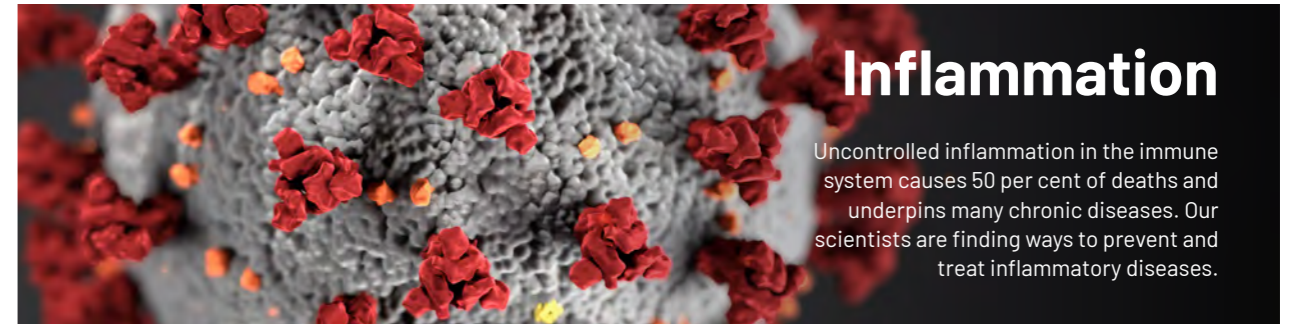
Our 457 scientists, clinicians and graduate students come from around the world to pursue one mission – to make medical research discoveries that save and change lives.

Located in the Monash Health Translation Precinct, our scientists work alongside clinical and industry colleagues and use advanced technology platforms to inform their discoveries.

Our expertise spans the complete translation pipeline from patient need, scientific discovery to clinical testing and commercialising new preventative approaches, therapies and devices for patients.

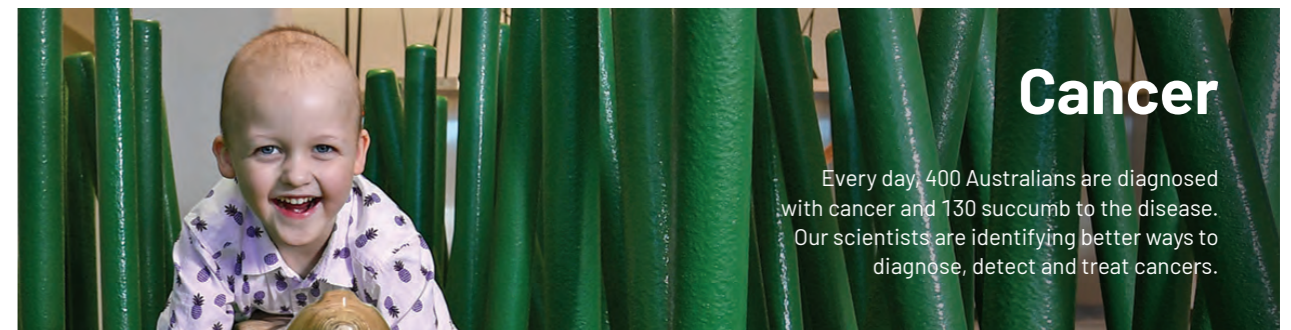
Our Institute is named after Professor Bryan Hudson AO, the Founding Director of Prince Henry's Institute, and Inaugural Chair of the Department of Medicine at Monash University.

Our themes



Inflammation

Uncontrolled inflammation in the immune system causes 50 per cent of deaths and underpins many chronic diseases. Our scientists are finding ways to prevent and treat inflammatory diseases.



Cancer

Every day, 400 Australians are diagnosed with cancer and 130 succumb to the disease. Our scientists are identifying better ways to diagnose, detect and treat cancers.



Reproductive health

The reproductive system is central to conception, pregnancy and birth. Our scientists are working to reduce rates of infertility, stillbirth, endometriosis and birth trauma.



Newborn health

Almost one in five newborns starts life in neonatal care. Our scientists investigate the complications that can occur during pregnancy, birth, and the critical early weeks to protect vulnerable newborns.



Hormones and health

The endocrine (hormonal) system is important for most parts of your body to work. Our scientists' goal is to find new treatments for hormonal conditions.

Monash Health Translation Precinct

Hudson Institute is located within the Monash Health Translation Precinct (MHTP), a major scientific research and medical innovation powerhouse in Melbourne's south-eastern corridor. With our precinct partners, Monash Health and Monash University, we are a global leader in medical research, healthcare, new technologies and education.

Our shared Translational Research Facility (TRF) brings scientists, clinicians and state-of-the-art technology together to accelerate medical research discovery through to clinical trials and into patient care. We achieve this through innovation and trusted relationships with industry and government.



At Hudson Institute

We expand the boundaries of knowledge to save and change lives.

We make new scientific discoveries to improve people's health.

We collaborate with scientists and clinicians in Australia and around the world.

We help governments to improve healthcare and create jobs.

We help doctors save lives, providing insight for them to find the right clinical answers.

We provide scientific breakthroughs for development with industry.

We prepare today's students for successful careers in science and medicine for tomorrow.



At a glance

281

STAFF

176

STUDENTS

45

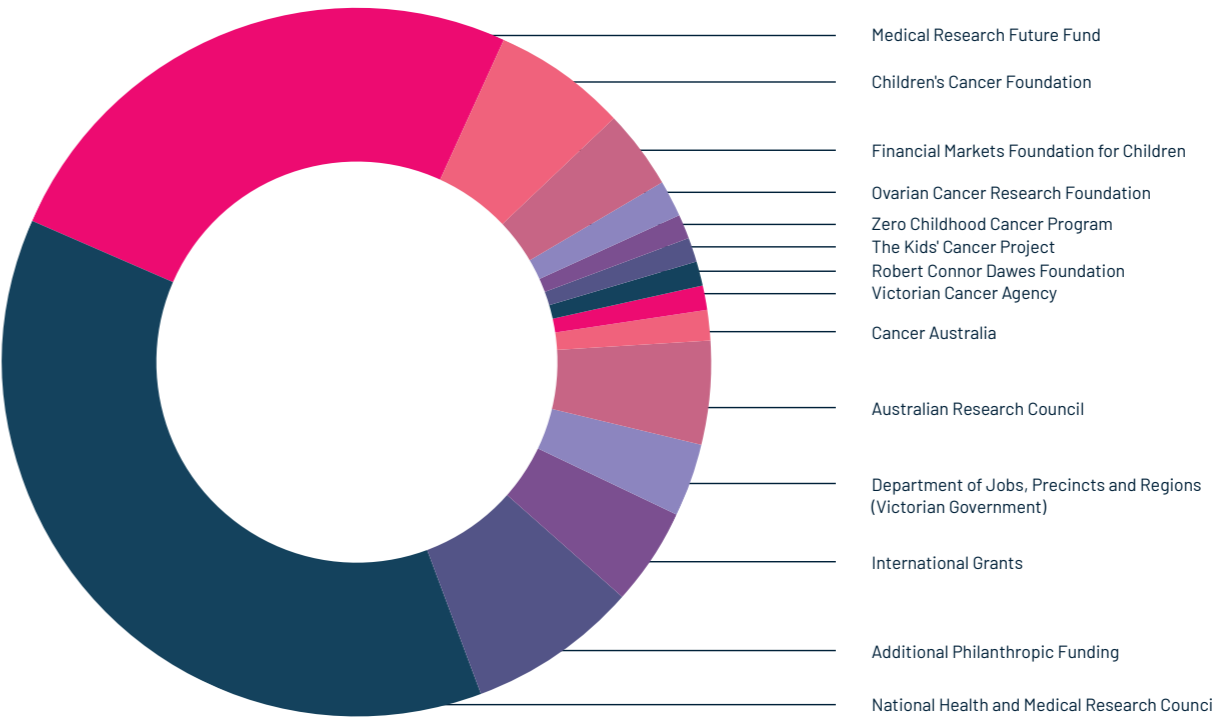
RESEARCH GROUPS

250

RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS

Research outputs

Grant funding received in 2022



	\$
● National Health and Medical Research Council	10,070,052
● Medical Research Future Fund	6,833,672
● Children's Cancer Foundation	1,704,680
● Australian Research Council	1,276,142
● Financial Markets Foundation for Children	1,000,000
● Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions (Victorian Government)	881,667
● Ovarian Cancer Research Foundation	388,155
● Cancer Australia	370,110
● Zero Childhood Cancer Program	336,332
● Victorian Cancer Agency	320,000
● The Kids' Cancer Project	306,000
● Robert Conner Dawes Foundation	272,543
● Additional Philanthropic Funding	
Cerebral Palsy Alliance	190,709
Cancer Council Victoria	138,982
National Heart Foundation	114,517
You Are My Sunshine Foundation	102,589
Australian Communities Foundation	100,275
Minderoo Foundation	99,818
Eva and Les Erdi Charitable Foundation	75,000
Canteen	71,875
Additional grant funding	1,155,843
TOTAL	2,049,608
● International Grants	
Department of Defense (USA)	650,795
University of Birmingham (UK) (in partnership with CCF)	278,025
National Institutes of Health (USA)	141,566
Other international grants	177,079
TOTAL	1,247,464
TOTAL GRANT FUNDING	27,056,425

Publications

In 2022, Hudson Institute's researchers published extensively in international peer-reviewed journals.

Publication type	2020	2021	2022
Original research articles	210	188	192
Reviews	41	41	38
Editorials and commentaries	26	26	17
Books and book chapters	8	2	3

From the Director

As the third year of the COVID-19 pandemic comes to a close, what are you reflecting on?

I keep returning to the importance of inflammation, not just as it relates to COVID-19, but its role in so many diseases, and the equally important part it will no doubt play in future pandemics. I'm also motivated by the incredible potential resulting from Hudson Institute's co-location with Victoria's largest public health service, Monash Health. Being on a hospital site means our researchers can more quickly respond to healthcare needs and likewise progress their discoveries to patients through our clinical partnerships.

What were your highlights of 2022?

I was delighted we could contribute to a feature in *Good Weekend* magazine shining a light on inflammation and its impact on our health. Our scientists are making a profound difference to a multitude of diseases, from cancer, lung, kidney and liver diseases to

asthma, infertility, endometriosis, neurodegenerative conditions and autoimmune diseases like diabetes, not to mention long COVID. Our plans for a National Centre for Inflammation Research (NCIR) will accelerate that progress.

What excites you about the year ahead?

I'm looking forward to seeing the latest developments in children's cancer from our dedicated team of paediatric cancer researchers. We are proud to be a leading partner of the Victorian Paediatric Cancer Consortium (VPCC), a collaborative effort that would not exist without the vision and backing of the Children's Cancer Foundation. There is now more hope than ever for better outcomes for children with cancer and their families.

As Director and CEO, what's your vision for the future of Hudson Institute?

Independent medical research institutes, especially those co-located with a healthcare service, focus on

targeting research to areas of patient need. Our plan for the NCIR will focus on the rapid translation of our research discoveries in inflammation into the public sphere to enable a fast response during times of need, like a pandemic, but also to address the ever growing burden of chronic disease. This initiative is an Australian first where the investments we make today will pay us all back with tomorrow's healthcare breakthroughs.

I can't wait to see what we will achieve together.



Professor Elizabeth Hartland
Director and CEO

"There is now more hope than ever for better outcomes for children with cancer and their families."



Professor Elizabeth Hartland



Dr Robert Edgar

Chair's report

Following another challenging year for healthcare providers everywhere, Hudson Institute can be proud of the part it continues to play in the nation's medical research landscape.

A fine illustration is the ascension of Professor Elizabeth Hartland to the position of incoming President of the Association of Australian Medical Research Institutes (AAMRI), the peak body representing medical research institutes across Australia. Prof Hartland is an inspirational figurehead for the organisation, both as an eminent researcher and as an inspirational leader. The Board is proud and honoured that she will continue to lead the Institute for a second five-year term as our Director and CEO.

Challenges ahead

From a financial perspective, 2022 was a successful year, with healthy revenues generated and significant research grants received, despite the difficult funding environment in which the entire sector currently operates. We expect 2023 to be a challenging year financially, but we will continue to support AAMRI and our representative bodies as they lobby for further support for the research sector, which is so vital for the future health of Australians.

Partnerships bearing fruit

On the business development and commercialisation front, Hudson Institute is increasingly valued as a major partner with industry in the development, testing and production of new treatments and cures. In terms of partnerships, patents and public exposure, we are successfully exploring all avenues for bringing our research discoveries to those who would most benefit from them.

This can be seen with our recent licensing agreement with Australian clinical-stage drug development company Noxopharm Ltd, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Pharmorage Pty Ltd. This has the potential to make mRNA vaccines easier to manufacture and more effective. With the mRNA vaccines market predicted to reach US\$23 billion by 2035, RNA technologies are integral to new treatments for the future.

Our partnerships with funding bodies also continue to be fruitful, and it is extremely gratifying to see the work

coming from our children's cancer researchers and their productive partnership with the Victorian Paediatric Cancer Consortium – a concept that was made real by the hard work and dedication of the Children's Cancer Foundation.

I acknowledge the services of Nigel Garrard on the Hudson Institute Board and regret that he has stepped down. Nigel has been a valuable Board member as well as a generous donor, and his contribution to the Board will be missed.

In 2023 and beyond, we know that many lessons remain to be learned from COVID-19 and Hudson Institute will remain at the forefront of inflammation research, both in terms of the current pandemic and the health emergencies that the future will undoubtedly bring.

Dr Robert (Bob) Edgar AM
Chair

“We are successfully exploring all avenues for bringing our research discoveries to those who would most benefit from them.”

The silent killer: Why medical research is fired up about inflammation

In February 2022, *Good Weekend** magazine produced a feature about inflammation, showcasing the important work of our scientists. Below is an extract, published with permission by the author, Greg Callaghan.

From long COVID to Alzheimer's, all manner of health woes are increasingly thought to have one thing in common: inflammation. But there's an ongoing mystery: why does it go rogue in some people and not others? Great medical minds are on the case.

Long COVID is merely the latest in a big, mixed bag of diseases in which inflammation has been found to play a key role. Over the past 20 years, study after study has revealed inflammation's contribution to heart disease, respiratory diseases like asthma, rheumatoid arthritis, Alzheimer's disease, and autoimmune diseases like type 1 diabetes, lupus and inflammatory bowel disease, which encompasses Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis.

Inflammation has been shown to loosen cholesterol deposits in coronary arteries, leading to heart attacks; it's the mechanism that wears down large and small joints in rheumatoid arthritis; it's the engine behind the ulceration of the gastrointestinal tract in inflammatory bowel disease; it's at the centre of the immune system attacking its own tissues in lupus sufferers; it's at the heart of the process of T-cells attacking insulin-producing cells in the pancreas in type 1 diabetes; it's behind the chronic pain of endometriosis; in Alzheimer's, prolonged neuroinflammation can trigger an onset of the disease.

The word inflammation might sit a little flat on the page beside dramatic

words like cancer and heart disease, but because it's an underlying dynamic in a host of diseases, it's now a focus of cutting-edge medical research across the globe.

Professor Elizabeth Hartland, Director and CEO of Melbourne's Hudson Institute of Medical Research, which houses

explains in the *Good Weekend* podcast chat, *GW Talks*. "People who have less inflammation are predicted to live longer, and people with chronic inflammation to age faster."

When a foreign invader – a bacterium, virus or parasite – enters your body, your immune system immediately dispatches white blood cells to the injury or entry site, slowing down the march of the intruder, until wave after wave of reinforcements arrive to launch a counterattack against its spread.

The infection-fighting cells release proteins called cytokines that fuel inflammation, the trademark signs of which are heat, swelling and redness. This is the process that turns the tissue around a splinter in your finger red and hot – and it's essential to healing.

Inflammation is a lifesaver – until it's not. Occasionally, even after the unwelcome pathogen has been destroyed and the healing process is over, the inflammatory fires continue to burn away, fuelled by an immune system in overdrive. Over time, this chronic inflammation can lead to lasting damage to organs

such as the lungs, heart, bowel and joints.

"Inflammation is a frontline system; it needs to be activated quickly but then should switch off when the job is done."

The big question about inflammation is: why does it turn rogue in some people and not others? Inflammation's tangled involvement in so many diseases explains why it's now one of the hottest areas of medical research.



the largest number of inflammation researchers – 150 – in Australia, contends that inflammation contributes to more than half of all deaths worldwide, and is the single biggest cause of death from COVID. "We're not designed to withstand constant bouts of inflammation. That's why when it becomes overblown or chronic, it can have lasting, damaging effects on the body. We need access to a better range of therapies that target inflammation when it becomes harmful."

Scientists are now talking about an "inflammation clock", Hartland later



Associate Professor Michael Gantier

When Michael Gantier was 11, growing up in the town of Cholet in France's picturesque Loire Valley, having his appendix removed didn't seem like such a big deal. Then again, he had no idea of what was in store. "Unfortunately, it was a Friday afternoon, probably the worst time to get an operation," the 41-year-old father of two says half-jokingly of the minor medical horror story he's about to share. "After the operation, I had a temperature of 40–41 degrees and a high count of white blood cells."

While the doctors initially dismissed this as part of his recovery from the operation, his parents, both teachers of biology in school, suspected otherwise.

Suffering sepsis, a life-threatening infection of the blood, he was critically ill. "The surgeon later said I was only hours away from death."

In the years afterwards, Gantier was plagued by stomach problems, which resulted in a diagnosis of Crohn's disease, a debilitating condition characterised by diarrhoea, abdominal cramping, fatigue and weight loss. Both Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis fall under the umbrella of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD).

His experience as a child inspired him to become a doctor and scientist, and he is now a Research Group Head at Hudson Institute, working on anti-inflammatory treatments for COVID. He says any imbalance in the microbiome can influence pro-inflammatory processes in the body.

A colleague at Hudson Institute, Dr Sam Forster, who leads the Microbiota and Systems Biology Research group, compares a healthy gut biome to a pristine forest bursting with a rich variety of trees, shrubs, and flowers;

"There is a lot of association between changes in bacteria and the modification of the immune response."

Associate Professor Michael Gantier

and an unhealthy biome to a partly cleared one, lacking in biodiversity and riddled with invasive pests and weeds. "If you have an inflammatory response from the gut, you'll likely have an inflammatory response in other parts of the body, because our systems are interlinked," says Forster.

The good news is that in the fight against inflammatory disease, we now live in a world of opportunity. Multiple research studies are underway at Hudson Institute. "Thanks to the focus on inflammation research over the past decade or so, we have a much richer understanding of how it behaves in our bodies", explains Prof Hartland. "We have more knowledge of the viral and bacterial triggers of inflammation, how cytokines act on different tissues, and the genetic basis of inflammation disorders. This has all led to new treatments."

Until last year, there weren't many reports of long-COVID patients making a full recovery, but that appears to be changing now that more time has elapsed. Widespread vaccination also appears to have successfully blunted long COVID: studies from the UK and the US indicate that getting a jab at least halves the risk for those infected with the earlier Alpha and Delta variants. The jury is still out on whether long COVID is less common or milder with the wildly infectious Omicron strain, but again, vaccination appears to radically reduce the risk of prolonged illness.

**Good Weekend* is published in *The Sydney Morning Herald* and *The Age*.

Research impact



INFLAMMATION

Chasing bacterial evolution to safeguard human health

Most of us imagine evolution to be a slow process, with changes taking place within species over thousands of years.

Associate Professor Jaclyn Pearson is not like most of us.

In her role researching antimicrobial resistance (AMR), A/Prof Pearson sees evolution happening before her eyes.

She also sees how harmful it can be.

As a microbiologist and head of the Host-Pathogen Interactions research group, she studies how bacteria can evade or fool our defence systems to cause serious health problems. It is a fast-moving field.

It's work that saw her recognised on several fronts in 2022, not least being named a Superstar of STEM. She was also one of three Australian scientists to receive a prestigious Sylvia and Charles Viertel Charitable Foundation Senior Medical Research Fellowship (worth \$1.375 million over five years).

Each year, almost five million deaths are associated with drug resistant bacterial infections. That number is expected to double by 2050, so it's no surprise that the World Health Organization calls AMR one of the top 10 global public health threats facing humanity.

A/Prof Pearson says there is an urgent need for progress, as some infections have no effective antibiotics available, leaving patients hospitalised with no treatment options.

"Major pharmaceutical companies see how quickly bacteria become resistant, so why would they want to invest in developing new antibiotics?" she says.

"Fundamental research utilising cutting-edge technology will drive long-term solutions and address the health crisis we now face due to antibiotic resistance."

Keeping track of dangerous bacteria means knowing where they have come from and where they are heading – an approach she also takes to her career, after spending much of her 20s on the road as a drummer with the early 2000s rock band, Lash.

"Despite the opportunity to pursue music further, I have stuck with my career in research because it is exciting and compelling. At the end of my career, I want to look back and say I made a difference to someone's life," A/Prof Pearson says.

Having benefited from great mentorship early in her career, A/Prof Pearson now wants to help the next generation.

"I moved interstate specifically to train under the supervision of Professor Elizabeth Hartland, who gave me the time, resources, and confidence to work to my strengths and become the successful leader I am today.

"I now strive to be an inspiring and kind mentor to my staff and students.

"If those I mentor continue to pursue a career in science, then I have achieved something special."

Collaborators Monash University; Peter Doherty Institute; WEHI

Funders Australian Society for Immunology; NHMRC; Sylvia and Charles Viertel Charitable Foundation

"My eureka moment occurred during my PhD when I saw first-hand the many ways in which bacteria meticulously target and manipulate the immune system to 'hide' from our defences and cause disease."

Associate Professor Jaclyn Pearson



Associate Professor Jaclyn Pearson

Published in *Nature Microbiology*, April 2022

Published in *Nature Communications*, March 2022

Unlocking the mysteries of the microbiome

When it works as intended, the human gut is rarely given a thought – but that is rare luxury for the 130,000 Australians with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), like Marisa (see next page).

That's where Associate Professor Samuel Forster comes in.

"Our microbiome research is focused on understanding the naturally occurring bacteria we carry with us every day, and which play a critical role in keeping us healthy," A/Prof Forster says.

"We know these hundreds of bacterial species interact with the immune systems and regulate processes such as inflammation. But we don't yet know the 'correct' combination of bacteria for anyone at any particular time, or how to maintain it."

A/Prof Forster's work saw him published in two prestigious *Nature* group journals in 2022 and he was one of two Australian scientists to be awarded a CSL Centenary Fellowship of \$1.25 million over five years.

Using a combination of computational analysis and microbiology to identify bacterial strains that influence disease,

he collaborates closely with Paediatric Gastroenterologist Dr Edward Giles from Monash Health, and the Adelaide-based biotechnology company BiomeBank to develop new therapies for IBD.

With cutting-edge technologies, including the gut-on-a-chip – which allows individual bacterial species to be studied in the lab – A/Prof Forster also seeks to answer fundamental questions about the immunology of the gut and its microbiome.

The potential benefits will be felt in IBD, as well as addressing the emerging threats from antimicrobial resistance (AMR) and many more areas of medical need.

"My team is working towards a future where we will have a comprehensive bank of purified microbiome derived bacterial isolates, the

ability to accurately measure a person's microbiome state, replace the missing species and maximise health for every individual."

Collaborators Monash Health; Wellcome Sanger Institute (UK)

Funders ARC; NHMRC; Walter Cottman Endowment; Kenneth Rainin Foundation (USA)

"Despite their importance for our health, many microbial species are being lost due to changes in our lifestyles, diet and other factors they rely on to survive. We aim to collect these species, understand how they can be beneficial and ensure they are preserved for future generations of medicines."

Associate Professor Samuel Forster

INFLAMMATION

MARISA

Stomach pains, hospitalisations, teenage years blighted by illness and the puffiness caused by steroid treatments – this is the reality of living with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), according to 23-year-old nurse, Marisa Coniglione.

IBD – the collective term for Crohn’s disease and ulcerative colitis – is a chronic, painful and disruptive inflammation of the lining of the gut, with no known cause or cure. Treatment involves expensive immune suppression that can have life-changing side effects.

Marisa has lived with the social, psychological and emotional toll of IBD

since the age of 11. While three-hour-long infusion treatments given every eight weeks have made the condition more manageable, she still struggles with flare-ups and side effects.

“I feel awful and there are many risks that come with a suppressed immune system such as frequent infections. I’m battling a bacterial throat infection right now.”

She hopes A/Prof Forster’s research will lead to treatments that make it easier to enjoy life and give future patients fewer difficulties in their teens through to adulthood.



RNA – changing the face of modern medicine

The COVID-19 pandemic made RNA a topic of everyday discussion – suddenly, it was everywhere.

For many Hudson Institute scientists, that meant an unprecedented level of interest in something they had spent many years studying.

Thankfully, in 2022 it also meant new funding opportunities that will see discovery research translated into revolutionary new treatments for many diseases.

So, what is RNA? Why is it important? And what can RNA technologies offer us?

There is no-one better to ask than Associate Professor Michael Gantier and Dr Natália Sampaio, both of whom received significant funding in 2022 to advance their RNA research.

“RNA technology is changing the face of modern medicine, largely due to the speed at which new treatments, like COVID-19 vaccines, can be developed and rolled out. We’ve only scratched the surface of the potential applications of RNA therapies.”

Associate Professor Michael Gantier

“RNA therapeutics is the technology of the decade,” said A/Prof Gantier. “It will generate jobs, with leaders such as BioNTech and Moderna now in Melbourne, but it also opens the opportunity to treat many diseases deemed incurable to date.”

DNA and RNA are a class of molecules called nucleic acids (the ‘NA’ in DNA and RNA). DNA contains the genetic information that controls which cells do what in our bodies and RNA converts that genetic blueprint into proteins.

Vaccines aside, RNA therapeutics are already approved to treat a growing number of diseases; for example, a twice-yearly injection for people with high cholesterol to control their condition.

It was this potential, and recognised leadership in RNA research, that saw Dr Sampaio awarded a \$690,000 mRNA Victoria Activation Program Grant to better understand how the immune system detects RNA.

“If we want to employ mRNA therapies to many other diseases, like cancer or gene therapy, we need to avoid side effects to improve tolerance and safety of these therapies,” Dr Sampaio said.

mRNA Victoria also saw the potential in A/Prof Gantier’s work, awarding him \$200,000 to advance his work on short anti-inflammatory synthetic RNAs (also known as oligonucleotides). The short oligonucleotide fragments (Sofra™) at the basis of this novel technology are being developed in partnership with Pharmorage Pty Ltd and could help devise the next generation of mRNA vaccines.

An additional \$1.5 million from the NHMRC and \$700,000 from the Victorian Government will extend this technology to cover autoimmunity and treatments for infection-driven hyper-inflammation, such as severe COVID-19 and influenza A infection.

2022 was about more than potential, as A/Prof Gantier was celebrated for his role in an international team that found a genetic cause of the chronic inflammatory disease lupus, driven by the aberrant detection of RNA, with the results published in *Nature*.

As for the future, RNA holds promise for sufferers of a wide range of conditions, from lupus, inflammatory bowel disease and diabetes to psoriasis.

There is also the potential of mRNA vaccines that are cheaper to produce and carry fewer side effects.

The future for RNA technologies is bright at Hudson Institute.

Collaborators Australian National University; Pharmorage Pty Ltd; St Vincent’s Institute; University of Melbourne; University of New South Wales; University of Technology Sydney; University of Oxford (UK)

Funders DJPR; mRNA Victoria; NHMRC



L-R: Dr Natália Sampaio, Associate Professor Michael Gantier

NEWBORN HEALTH

Published in *Science Translational Medicine*, April 2022

Making a big difference for tiny babies

In business it's called vertical integration – when the same organisation controls multiple stages of the production process.

The medical research equivalent of vertical integration is rare – which is why Hudson Institute is fortunate to have husband-and-wife team Professors Claudia and Marcel Nold, who are engaged in a hugely beneficial working partnership.

Their combined skills are bringing new treatments for preterm babies, from laboratory discovery to clinical trials in Monash Children's Hospital's Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU).

With a background in pharmacology, Claudia spends her time searching for new ways to safeguard the health of tiny infants – aiming to prevent bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD), necrotising enterocolitis, and other illnesses, as well as collaborating on prevention of cerebral palsy. She jointly heads the Interventional Immunology in Early Life Diseases Research group.

Meanwhile Marcel, a clinician-scientist, splits his time between the lab and Monash Children's Hospital, where he's hands-on with babies like Max (see page 27) and their families during their early difficult days.

These pioneering collaborators are now close to achieving something once thought impossible. Based on decades of work, they are within reach of a treatment to control inflammation in preterm babies that can cause devastating heart, lung, gut and brain conditions.

A remarkable year

In 2022, they identified the specific inflammatory responses that drive illnesses of prematurity and revealed several risk factors both before and after birth.

Marcel explains their discovery, published in *Science Translational Medicine*: “Type-2-polarised inflammation drives cardiopulmonary disease in these babies, allowing us to now

work on ways to control inflammation in preterm babies and avoid the damage it wreaks.”

“It's one of those ‘eureka’ moments,” says Claudia. “Like when we discovered the anti-inflammatory function of one of the

molecules we were investigating, which we now are developing into a drug.”

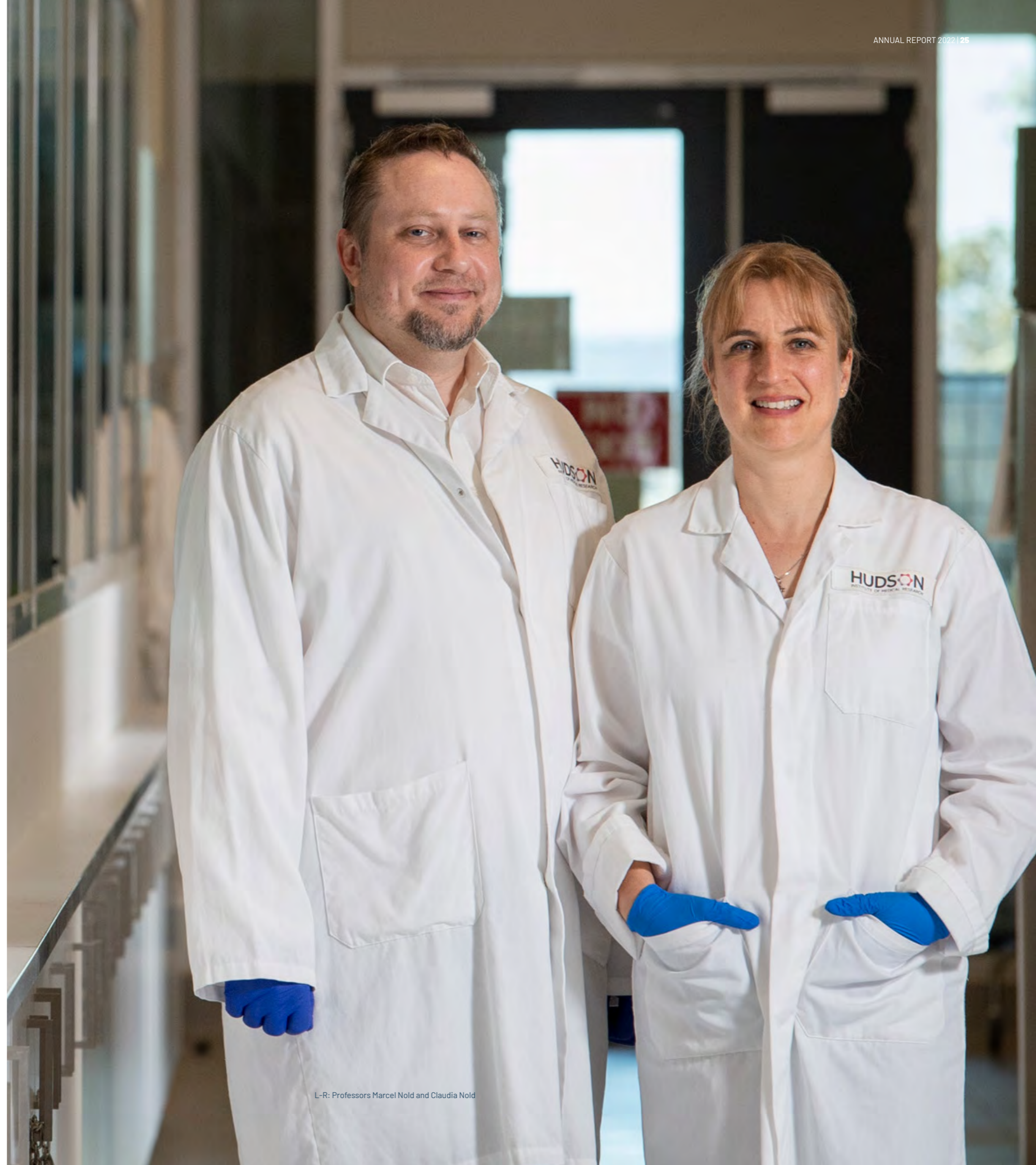
They also further advanced their clinical trial of the anti-inflammatory drug anakinra, and they are cautiously positive about the results.

Collaborators 13 University of Technology; Australian Synchrotron, Centenary Institute; CSL Limited, Hunter Medical Research Institute; Mater Research Institute; Mercy Hospital for Women; Monash Children's Hospital; Monash University; Murdoch Children's Research Institute; Royal Women's Hospital; University of Adelaide; University of Melbourne; Victorian Heart Institute; Helios HSK, Germany; National Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center Research Institute, Japan; St. Vincent's Hospital, Germany

Funders Australian Synchrotron; CSL Ltd; Jack Brockhoff Foundation; National Heart Foundation; NHMRC; Rebecca L Cooper Foundation

“The word ‘research’ is made up of re (meaning ‘again’) and search, so you search, search again and again. The exciting moment is when we find what we were looking for, or something unexpected that now makes total biological sense.”

Professor Claudia Nold



L-R: Professors Marcel Nold and Claudia Nold



Susana and baby Max

MAX AND SUSANA

A little over 27 weeks into her second pregnancy, all in the space of a couple of days, Susana went from planning months ahead for her baby's arrival to giving birth and becoming part of medical history.

Baby Max arrived small and vulnerable, so when doctors in Monash Children's Hospital's neonatal unit asked if she would like her newborn son to be the first participant in a trial of a new treatment to keep preterm babies healthy, she quickly said "yes".

The drug anakinra has been used to prevent dangerous inflammation for

decades, but never in preterm newborns until this trial.

"We were aware of the dangers to vital organs such as lungs, heart, gut and brain for a baby born so early – it was daunting but I'm proud that we took part. We've brought some good to the world," Susana said.

Now, 10 months on, Max is making good progress and recently even had his first overseas trip – to meet his grandparents for the first time.

But even before he got on the plane, little Max had travelled a long way.

Collaborating to conquer childhood cancer

Childhood cancer facts

- Cancer is the leading disease-related cause of death among Australian children.
- One in five children diagnosed with cancer will not survive.
- For those who do, the majority will suffer long-term disability from the toxic treatments.
- Despite decades of research, survival rates from some cancers have hardly improved.

When it comes to treating disease, the medical profession is increasingly recognising that children are not just small adults: their bodies behave differently.

Sadly, paediatric oncologists are often faced with little option but to treat childhood cancers with repurposed drugs developed for adult cancers. These treatments are frequently ineffective and toxic.

Victorian Paediatric Cancer Consortium

Developing new treatments and cures for children's cancers is the driving factor behind the creation of the groundbreaking Victorian Paediatric Cancer Consortium (VPCC).

Co-led by Professor Ron Firestein (Hudson Institute) and Professor David Eisenstat (RCH/MCRI), the VPCC brings

together a consortium of Victoria's finest paediatric cancer clinicians and researchers.

With the guidance and generosity of the Children's Cancer Foundation, and \$9.6 million from the Federal Government's Medical Research Future Fund (MRFF), the VPCC is the result of five years of planning, building global scientific and clinical networks, and lobbying.

In October 2022, the Victorian government pledged \$35 million towards the next phase of the VPCC, with the Children's Cancer Foundation contributing another \$10 million. This will benefit a wide range of services including discovery research and clinical innovation programs, integrated biobanking, data management and bioinformatics platforms, and training the next generation of researchers and clinicians.

It also enables the creation of a state-wide, multidisciplinary, and collaborative approach to combating childhood cancers, fostering research excellence, innovation, and best-practice clinical care.

The VPCC's core aims are to

- Develop and advance new and more precise treatments for children.
- Accelerate the participation of children in clinical trials.
- Improve survivorship and long-term health.
- Leverage the diverse expertise of Victorian researchers and clinicians to catalyse the translation of research from bench to bedside.

L-R: Ms Naama Neeman (Hudson Institute), Professor Ron Firestein (Hudson Institute), Jeff Darmanin (CCF), Professor David Eisenstat (RCH/MCRI)



VPCC partners

- Hudson Institute of Medical Research
- Monash Children's Hospital
- Monash University
- Royal Children's Hospital (RCH)
- Murdoch Children's Research Institute (MCRI)
- University of Melbourne
- Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre
- Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research (WEHI)
- The Children's Cancer Foundation (CCF)

ELI AND NELLY

501 days of chemotherapy

Even after watching her infant son go through such an ordeal, Nelly sees the bright side.

"It's been a big journey, but the best part is that he doesn't remember it," she said.

Eli was just 16 months old when he went from being a happy, healthy boy to beginning chemo in the space of a week.

Discomfort on Monday, a trip to emergency on Thursday after discovering a lump, and by Sunday he'd been diagnosed and booked in to start treatment the following day.

"When they were doing the ultrasound I had this terrible sense of dread, but you never expect to hear someone tell you your child has cancer," Nelly said.

Eli had an embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma (soft tissue cancer) in his bladder, and the treatment was harrowing, but three-and-a-half years later he remains cancer-free, with plenty of life ahead of him.

Despite so much medical intervention, his development is now back where it should be, with few signs of the ordeal he went through except for the regular six-monthly checks.

Nelly knows who to thank for it: "Medical professionals – scientists like Ron and Jason – they're all just superheroes in my eyes. It's so personal for me, so if my story and our journey can help spread the word and attract extra funding, I will work my hardest and scream 'more funding, please'."



L-R: Nelly and Eli

Smarter cancer treatments

Risk Stratification – Sarcoma program

It's not just the number of children who succumb to cancer that drives Dr Jason Cain to pursue his research; it's also the ones who survive.

"Childhood cancer is a devastating diagnosis for the patient and family," Dr Cain said.

"The current treatments for childhood cancer (surgery, chemotherapy and radiotherapy) have remained unchanged for decades. Not all children respond to these therapies, and even those who do are often left with permanent side effects."

It is those facts that spur him on to understand what causes childhood cancers, then convert that knowledge into a targeted search for new treatments – not just to improve survival rates but also the patient's quality of life.

Dr Cain leads the VPCC Risk Stratification – Sarcoma program, focused on finding

molecular signatures that predict a child's response to therapy, their risk of metastasis and their potential survival outcomes.

His goal is to determine which patients are likely to respond to which therapies, so ineffective treatments and their side effects can be avoided.

"No one treatment is going to be effective for all patients, even with the same cancer diagnosis," he said.

"There is a need to identify several different therapies that can be used in combination to treat patients."

Now, thanks to the VPCC, the best minds in Victoria's medical research community have a new platform through which to share and benefit from each other's knowledge.

"Our findings will enable other researchers in the childhood cancer community to accelerate their own research and discoveries," Dr Cain said.

"Many survivors of childhood cancer are left with debilitating long-term side effects of their treatments. We need to do better."

Dr Jason Cain

Targeted childhood cancer treatments

Next Generation Precision Medicine program

Rarity is a virtue in some fields. Unfortunately, that's anything but true when it comes to childhood cancers.

Not only are they often uneconomic for drug companies to pour research dollars into, but tissue samples can be hard to come by.

As Head of the Centre for Cancer Research, Professor Ron Firestein wants to change all that with the VPCC Next Generation Precision Medicine program.

The aim is to significantly improve treatment for childhood cancer patients with the greatest unmet clinical need – those diagnosed with brain cancers and solid tumours.

Prof Firestein's four-pronged approach to the problem includes going beyond

genomic sequencing to what's called multi-omics, which studies the genome, transcriptome, epigenome and proteome of cancer cells.

Another crucial aspect of this program is the creation of the Childhood Cancer Model Atlas (CCMA) – a tissue bank where samples of actual cancers can be stored and reproduced, to be analysed and tested against potential therapies.

The CCMA is also the largest collection of high-risk paediatric solid tumour cell lines in the world, and for Prof Firestein and cancer researchers everywhere, it is a goldmine.

The CCMA also includes a searchable data portal to foster the collaborative and hypothesis-driven research needed to catalyse clinical translation.

New leadership at The Ritchie Centre

“Leadership and learning are indispensable to each other.”
— John F. Kennedy

Leadership can take many forms. Some lead by their actions and the example they set; others by creating new and better ways of doing things. The most successful are those whose leadership enables those around them to lead.

Professor Suzanne Miller ticks all the boxes while, most importantly, providing hope to parents of our most vulnerable babies.

She established her credentials over many years as a leading researcher in the field of fetal and neonatal physiology and brain injury, working to prevent and treat the neurodevelopmental disorders that can have lifelong effects.

One of her projects has now progressed to the world-first PROTECT Me Trial, using melatonin to combat the effects of fetal growth restriction (FGR) – a major cause of cardiovascular disease, lung and brain injury in the newborn, as well as contributing to the ongoing development of cerebral palsy, autism, learning and other behavioural dysfunctions.

In 2022, Prof Miller added an NHMRC Investigator Grant to her impressive list of achievements – receiving more than \$2.3 million over five years to continue

her groundbreaking work on targeted neuroprotective treatments for fetal and neonatal brain injury. Further confirmation of her talents came when she was appointed to lead The Ritchie Centre.

It is in this role where she is using her experience to guide and mentor the medical research pioneers of the future.

“The developing brain is fascinating. The fetal brain is exquisitely sensitive to the in-utero environment. We are still learning how compromise during pregnancy affects the baby’s brain development and long-term neurological outcomes.”

Professor Suzanne Miller

“I have been lucky to work both directly and indirectly with really clever and enthusiastic researchers and clinicians who have provided mentoring and research guidance,” she said.

“I hope that I can now pass on some of what

I have learned to provide mentorship and support to the next generation of researchers.

“At the end of my research career, I would be really chuffed if I could say there are fewer children with cerebral palsy or learning disabilities because of new preventions and treatments my team has developed for neonatal brain injury.”

Collaborators Monash Health; Monash University

Funders Cerebral Palsy Alliance; Inner Wheel Australia; NHMRC



Professor Suzanne Miller



— R: Hannah, Nav and baby Ronick

RONICK

When doctors told Hannah after her 28-week scan that her baby's growth was well behind schedule, she was understandably concerned – especially in light of previous miscarriages.

So when staff at her obstetric check-up asked if she would like to take part in the PROTECT Me Trial, she and husband Nav did not hesitate.

"I believe in science. I trust the doctors and midwives, so I decided to join the trial as soon as I knew there was an issue with my baby's growth," she said.

Every week, she returned for a scan with an instruction to "pack your bags because you may need an emergency C-section at any time".

Baby Ronick waited another seven weeks to come into the world. He weighed 1.88kg (small, but still much more than expected) and gave a good healthy cry when he arrived.

"We were so relieved to have a healthy baby!" Hannah said.

Ronick's progress will be monitored, like the other 335 babies in the trial, and once they have reached their second birthday, the effectiveness of melatonin treatment will be assessed.

Hannah and Nav are proud to have played their part in advancing medical science.

Published in *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, October 2022

Flicking the off-switch for pancreatitis

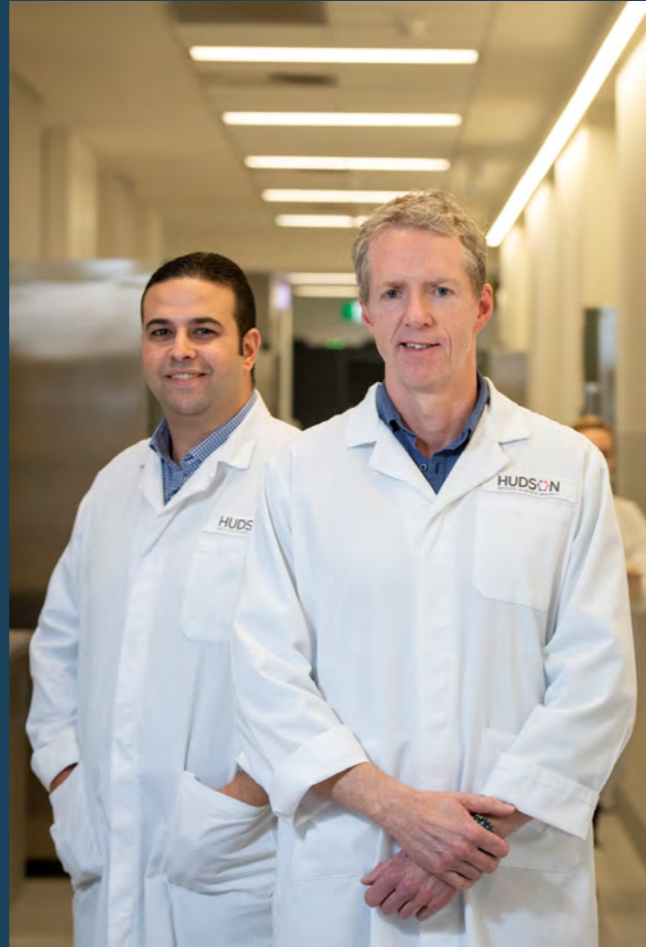
Pancreatitis is a serious inflammatory gastrointestinal disorder and the starting point for many health problems – up to 20 per cent of patients go on to experience multiple organ failure. Dr Mohamed Saad and his mentor, Professor Brendan Jenkins, identified a key enzyme called ADAM17, which acts as a central molecular switch leading to pancreatic inflammation – giving them a starting point for the development of new drugs to potentially treat pancreatitis.

Collaborators Monash Health; Monash University; Christian-Albrechts-University (Germany); Weizmann Institute of Science (Israel)

Funders Cancer Council Victoria; NHMRC

“Our research is the first to give hope that we have found a key to new, effective treatments for this condition.”

Dr Mohamed Saad



L-R: Dr Mohamed Saad, Professor Brendan Jenkins

Published in *Nature Communications*, May 2022

Restoring parenthood potential

The after-effects of cancer treatment can have numerous outcomes. In many men, chemotherapy kills the cancer but also damages fertility; however, those men now have new hope thanks to the work of Associate Professor Robin Hobbs. As Head of the Germline Stem Cell Biology Research group, he studies the systems responsible for fertility and the factors that promote cellular regeneration after they sustain damage. His research, published in *Nature Communications*, provides new understanding of these factors. It could ultimately allow researchers to design ways to help restore fertility of male cancer patients, representing an important step in addressing this major quality of life issue for cancer survivors.

Collaborators Monash University; University of Melbourne; Chinese University of Hong Kong (China)
Funder NHMRC

“While it’s not a cure in itself, our new understanding of these pathways may allow us to develop treatments that restore male fertility after chemotherapy.”

Associate Professor Robin Hobbs



Associate Professor Robin Hobbs

Published in *Medical Journal of Australia*, March 2022

Diagnosing curable hypertension



L-R: David Wyatt, Associate Professor Jun Yang

Associate Professor Jun Yang and her team are changing the way GPs think about hypertension (high blood pressure), and saving lives in the process. Her research established that in one in 10 cases, hypertension is caused by a hormonal condition called primary aldosteronism (PA), which means standard treatments are ineffective. The next step was a pilot project encouraging GPs to screen for PA, with results showing far more affected patients than expected. Head of the Endocrine Hypertension Research group and Consultant Endocrinologist at Monash Health, A/Prof Yang has been awarded two large MRFF grants, including a clinical trials grant of \$2.29 million over four years to roll out a

screening program in GP clinics, with collaborators in Victoria, South Australia and Tasmania. Further research also identified that existing testing methods for PA need careful analysis – and sometimes even multiple tests – to be accurate. She is now educating clinics and hospitals about PA and helping prepare them for the expected increase in diagnoses of this previously under-reported condition.

Collaborators Baker Heart and Diabetes Institute ; Barwon Health; Monash University; University of Queensland; University of Western Australia

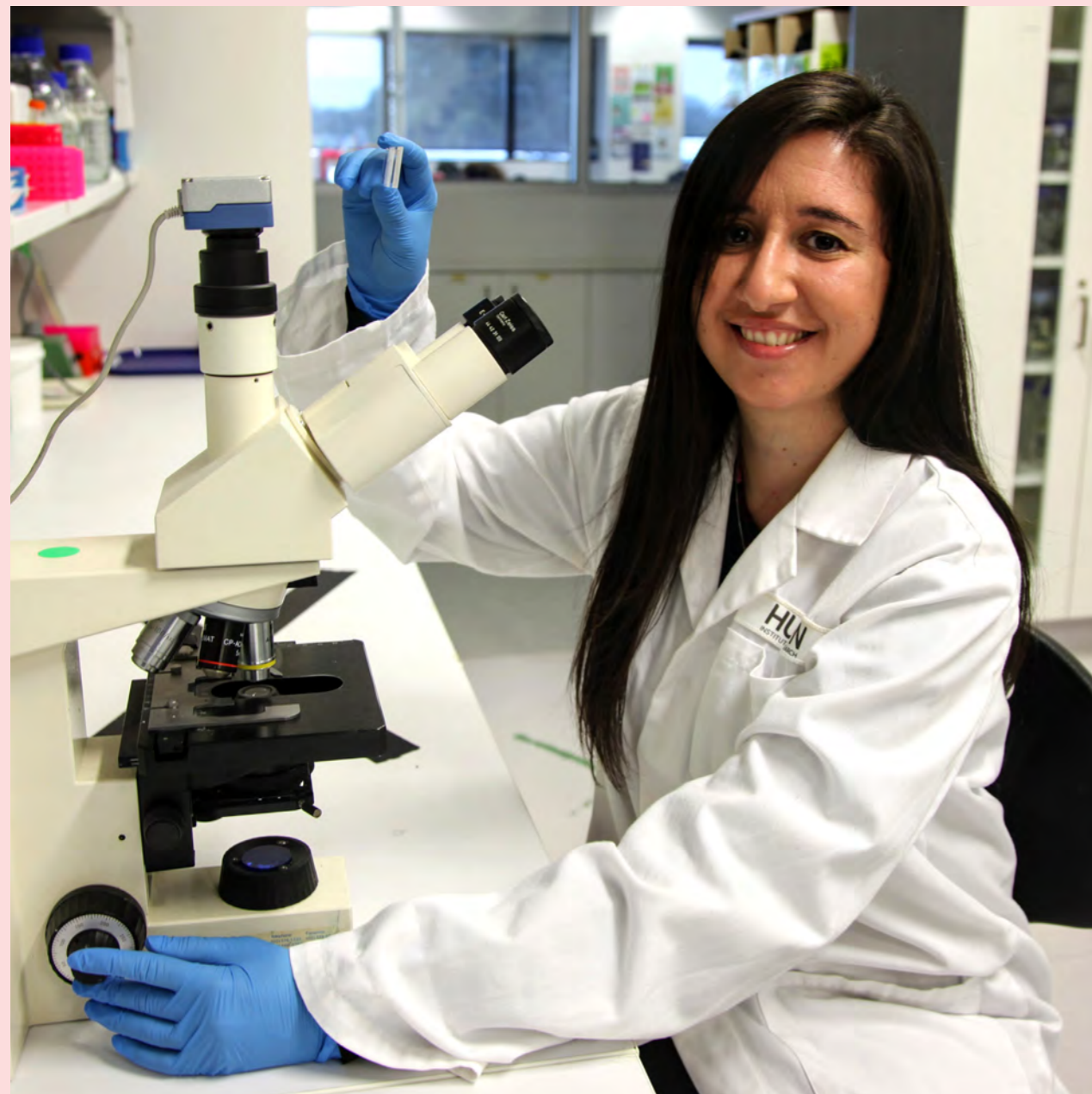
Funders Heart Foundation; NHMRC; Rebecca Cooper Foundation

“Once GPs started to actively screen for PA, the number of hypertensive patients diagnosed with PA jumped from one in 1000, to 140 in 1000.”

Associate Professor Jun Yang

Published in *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, June 2022

Gastroenteritis breakthrough



Dr Cristina Giogha

Dr Cristina Giogha studies a range of medically important bacteria that cause millions of deaths worldwide every year due to gastroenteritis, such as *E. coli*, *Salmonella* and *Shigella*. It is well known that *E. coli* destroy intestinal structures called microvilli – tiny finger-like projections on intestinal cells that are vital for absorbing nutrients and water from the gut – but until now there has been little understanding of the mechanics of how this occurs. 2022 brought a breakthrough, with Dr Giogha and her mentor, Professor Elizabeth Hartland, showing for the first time

the involvement of specific human and bacterial factors in the destruction of microvilli. She sums up her findings simply: “If the cell is like your home, *E. coli* are like unwanted guests that remodel your home to suit themselves.”

Collaborators University of Melbourne; University of Saskatchewan (Canada); Vanderbilt University (USA)

Funders Australian Research Council; NHMRC; China Scholarship Council (China); National Institutes of Health (USA); Vanderbilt University (USA)

“Our work aims to understand the mechanisms by which *E. coli* bacteria cause gastroenteritis, so new treatments can be designed, potentially saving thousands of lives, particularly in low-income countries.”

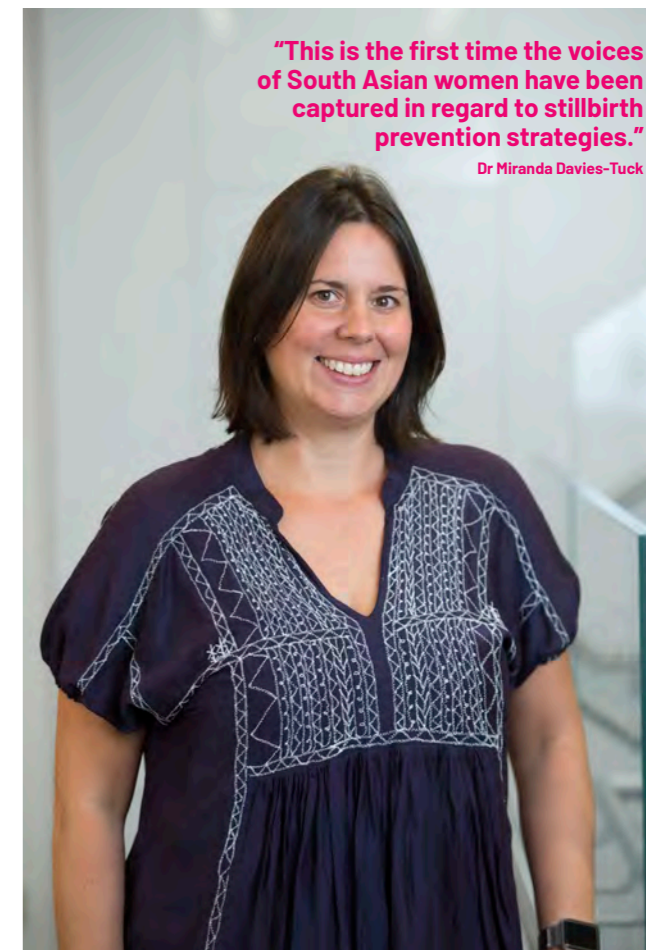
Dr Cristina Giogha

Published in *Women and Birth: Journal of the Australian College of Midwives*, July 2022

Ending preventable stillbirths

Stillbirth is devastating for any family, and Dr Miranda Davies-Tuck is working to better understand why it happens. A 2022 study by Dr Davies-Tuck's team published in *The Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology*, March 2022, looked at all births in Victoria between 2010 and 2018, finding that full-term stillbirth rates have reduced, but the overall stillbirth rate has remained at approximately six babies per day. That means preterm deaths are on the rise. This strengthens her focus on research to reduce pre-term stillbirths. After previously establishing that women of South Asian origin (India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka) have a higher risk of stillbirth in late pregnancy, she recommended more fetal monitoring for this group. Those clinical changes have now been incorporated into clinical guidelines nationally. In 2022, the team took this research further by talking to those mothers – many of whom do not have English as their native language – about their experience of these clinical changes. The findings showed that better communication is just as important as better monitoring in making sure both mother and baby have a positive birth experience.

Collaborators Monash Health; Monash University
Funder Red Nose Australia



Dr Miranda Davies-Tuck

“This is the first time the voices of South Asian women have been captured in regard to stillbirth prevention strategies.”

Dr Miranda Davies-Tuck

Published in *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, August 2022

How emphysema wreaks havoc

Emphysema is the major debilitating lung disease associated with inflammation caused by uncontrolled activation of the immune system. The two arms of that system are innate immunity, or the first line of defence against invaders, and immune system adaptive immunity, which mounts a slower, highly specific immune response. The triggers that promote the development of emphysema have been elusive, preventing advances in patient treatments. In a pivotal breakthrough, a team led by Professor Brendan Jenkins discovered that a regulatory complex of the innate immune system, called inflammasomes, is responsible for the development of emphysema. This world-first finding lays the foundation for new emphysema treatments targeting the immune system.

Collaborators Monash Health; RMIT University; University of Melbourne; Christian-Albrechts-University (Germany); National Cancer Institute (USA)

Funder NHMRC

“It is significant research, because it's the first to demonstrate a specific pathological role for inflammasomes in emphysema that is separate from their immune activity.”

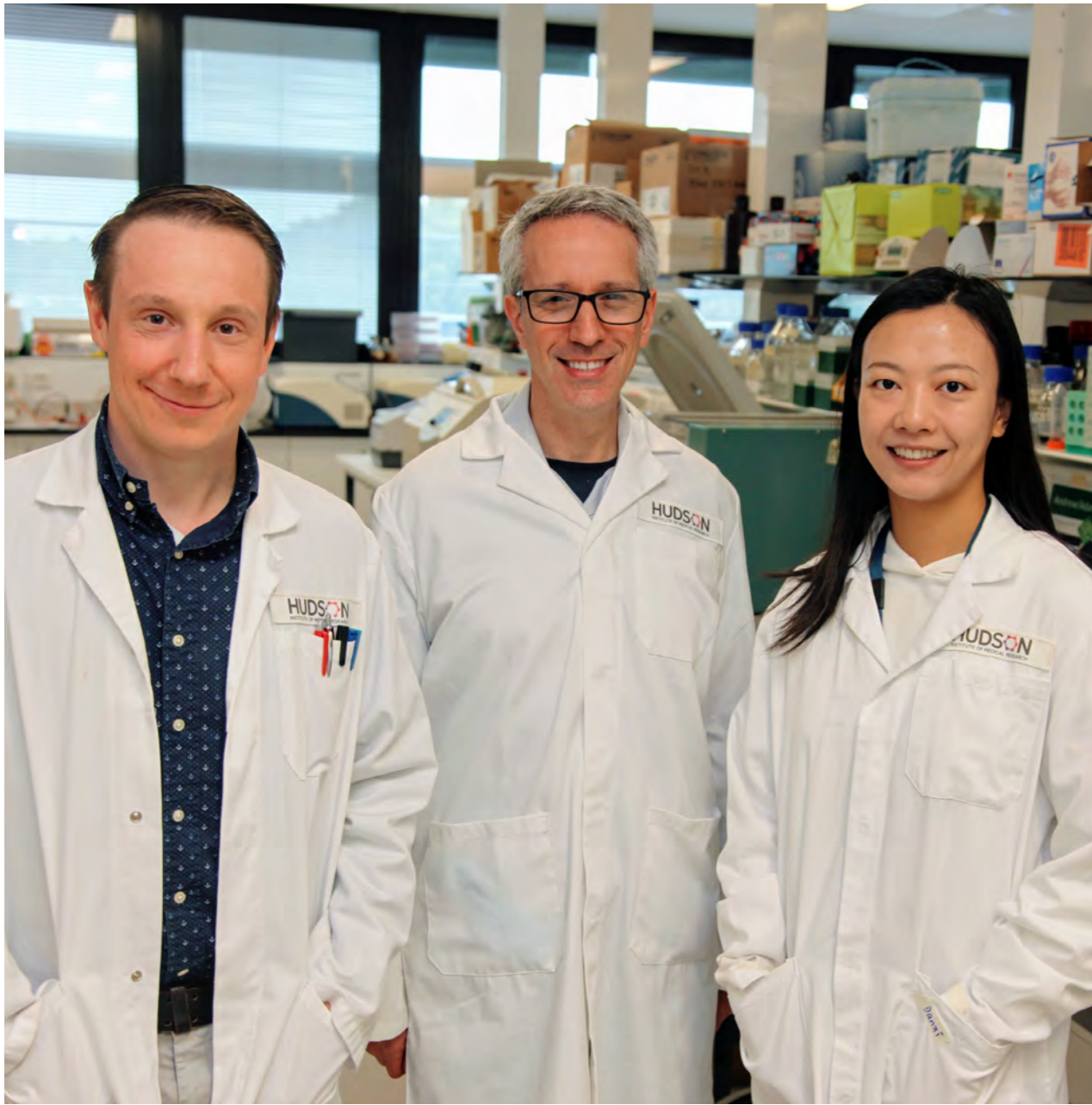
Professor Brendan Jenkins



Professor Brendan Jenkins

Published in the *Journal of Clinical Investigation*, October 2022

Solving the gut health puzzle



L-R: Dr Marius Dannappel, Professor Ron Firestein, Dr Danxi Zhu

The cells that line the intestines are a crucial interface between the outside world and the human body, but many mysteries remain as to how they work. Research published by an international team led by Hudson Institute investigated so-called Mediator kinases – regulators of gene expression – and discovered that they play an unexpected role in maintaining a proper balance of the different cell populations that make up the intestinal lining. Dr Marius Dannappel and Dr Danxi Zhu, with their mentor Professor Ron Firestein, found

that Mediator kinases also interact with another group of proteins that have been linked to many diseases and cancers. Their findings have wide-ranging implications for inflammatory conditions affecting the intestine, such as Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) and cancer.

Collaborators Monash Health; Monash University; University of Texas (USA)

Funders NHMRC; China Scholarship Council (China); DFG, German Research Foundation (Germany)

“We discovered that Mediator kinases play a pivotal role in orchestrating the production of the cells lining the intestinal lumen, particularly for specialised cell types (Paneth cells, tuft cells and goblet cells) responsible for organising the defence against infection.”

Dr Danxi Zhu

Business development and commercialisation

Business development and commercialisation ensures the Institute’s scientific discoveries move from the laboratory to patients’ bedsides. Working with industry, academic and government partners, research is protected, commercialised, and developed for future use. Partnerships are forged with pharmaceutical, clinical and venture capital organisations to progress research from early stages to clinical trials, and ultimately to patients’ treatments or diagnosis.

The value of commercial agreements continues to be an important category of the Institute’s total revenue – over the last three years, we have attracted over \$15.8 million, with exceptional prospects for growth in 2023.

Nine patents protecting scientific discoveries were granted in a range of countries, while six provisional patent applications were progressed to PCT or International Phase, and two new provisional applications were filed.

Significant commercial transactions included

- A partnership with Pharmorage’s Noxopharm (ASX:NOX), a clinical-stage drug development company that has been established to focus on drug discovery and

the commercial use of RNA technologies.

- The creation of a biotech start-up that focuses on the development of tests for the diagnosis and monitoring of cancer.
- The licencing of microbiome-related IP from the Microbiota and System Biology Research group to Biomebank, a clinical-stage biotechnology company.
- The establishment of a spinout company to develop a novel anti-cancer strategy.

Hudson Institute was also actively involved in the start-up of two other companies and two new IP licences that were established for further start-up initiatives. In addition, the Institute successfully achieved an overall 10 per cent

increase in finalised contracts and commercial agreements on the previous year.

Successful commercially targeted or translational grants included

- Victorian Medical Research Acceleration Fund (\$0.2 million)
- mRNA Victoria Activation Program (\$0.7 million)
- National Health and Medical Research Council Development Grant (\$0.9 million)
- Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions COVID funding (\$1.5 million)
- Two grants from CUREator-Australia’s national biotech incubator (totalling \$5.5 million).

Thank you to our supporters

We are grateful for the gifts received from individuals, trusts, foundations and organisations during the year. We also acknowledge the support of the Victorian State Government and the Australian Government.

Funding bodies

- Andrea Joy Logan Trust
- Australian Communities Foundation
- Australian Government, Medical Research Future Fund
- Australian Research Council
- Bethlehem Griffiths Research Foundation
- Can Too Foundation
- Cancer Australia
- Cancer Council Victoria
- Canteen
- Carrie's Beanies for Brain Cancer
- CASS Foundation
- Cerebral Palsy Alliance
- Children's Cancer Foundation (CCF)
- Children's Tumour Foundation
- Cure Brain Cancer Foundation
- Department of Defense (USA)
- Eva and Les Erdi Charitable Foundation
- Financial Markets Foundation
- Inner Wheel Foundation
- Isabella and Marcus Foundation
- Johnson & Johnson
- Leukaemia Foundation
- Magee-Womens Research Institute and Foundation
- Minderoo Foundation
- National Health and Medical Research Council

- National Heart Foundation
- National Institutes of Health (USA)
- Norman Beischer Medical Research Foundation
- Ovarian Cancer Research Foundation
- Robert Conner Dawes Foundation
- Royal Australian College of Physicians
- RUN DIPG
- Snowdome Foundation
- Stillbirth Foundation Australia
- The Kids' Cancer Project
- University of Birmingham (in partnership with CCF)
- Victorian Cancer Agency
- Victorian Government, Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions
- Victorian Government, Operational Infrastructure Support Scheme
- You Are My Sunshine Foundation (YAMS)
- Zero Childhood Cancer Program

Major donors

- The Evans Family Foundation
- Professor Kate Loveland
- Estate of Robert Dale Checcucci
- Australian Communities Foundation
- Mrs Ann Lorden
- The Piers K Fowler Scholarship Fund
- Invetech

- Mrs Jill M Ross-Perrier
- Ms Sally Maconochie
- Lord Mayor's Charitable Foundation
- Associate Professor John McBain AO
- Professor Lois Salamonsen
- Professor Caroline Gargett
- Dr Fiona Clay
- Fire Rescue Victoria
- Lifestyle Communities Officer
- The Hon. Gayle Tierney
- Mr Claude Lombard OAM
- Mr Joseph Zouki
- Dr Robert Edgar AM
- Mr Neville Marriott
- Mrs Kathleen Johnston
- Mrs Regine Lindner
- Mrs Jill D'Arcy
- The Phoebe Jones and Jacob Jones Trust
- Bensons Property Group
- Mrs Ella Matheson
- Mr Luke and Mrs Susi Lindner
- Mrs Joan Donaldson
- Dr Miriam Shalit and Mr Greg Faine
- Professor Arthur Clark
- S&D Hain Foundation
- Mr Alfred Frohlich

Give and take – one family's cancer journey

By any measure, cancer has played too large a role in Ann Lorden's life.

Both she and her daughter have fought breast cancer and won, but her husband Max sadly lost his fight with renal cancer in 2017. However, it was when her granddaughter Ella faced her own cancer challenge at just eight years old that Ann decided to do whatever she could to make a difference.

Ella is now a healthy 15-year-old, looking forward to her upcoming student exchange trip to Japan. But seven years ago, things looked very different when she was diagnosed with osteosarcoma – a type of cancer that begins in the cells that form bones.

"From my experience as a nurse in the 1970s to when Ella had her treatment, the drugs were the same," says Ann.

The oncologist noted that there was no money for commercial companies in developing treatments for rare cancers, so that has driven her own personal philanthropy to Hudson Institute.

Dr Jason Cain's lab will be the main beneficiary of this generous funding and he says it's an area of great need in cancer research.

"When it comes to rare childhood cancers the pharmaceutical industry rarely invests in treatments and cures, so our role is to fill those gaps," Dr Cain said.

"With our Childhood Cancer Model Atlas (CCMA), Hudson Institute is now home to the world's biggest bank of paediatric tumour tissue samples, giving researchers everywhere the opportunity to run tests to establish which cancers are likely to respond best to which treatments."

Ann made her first donation in 2018, in her late husband's name. Five years on she is donating again, proud that her funding will help to build a brighter future for kids like Ella, who find themselves facing the fight of their lives. Her generous philanthropy will continue to allow for expedited and innovative research into osteosarcoma, in areas such as more precise diagnostics and new therapy projects.

"My children and grandchildren could have a lovely holiday with their inheritance after I'm gone, but there's more good to be done for kids just like Ella by giving while living."

Ann Lorden

L-R: Dr Jason Cain, Ella, Ann Lorden

TRUSTS AND FOUNDATIONS

Our loyal supporters

Hudson Institute is grateful for the ongoing support of our generous trusts and foundations who form part of our wider community, helping to connect our Institute and scientists with patients who inform our research.

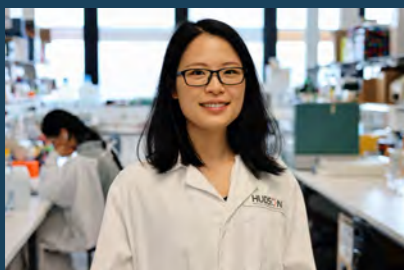


L-R: Premier Daniel Andrews, The Hon Jaala Pulford, Jeremy Smith (CCF)

Children's Cancer Foundation

Hudson Institute is deeply appreciative of its partnership with the Children's Cancer Foundation (CCF). As featured earlier in this Annual Report, the Children's Cancer Foundation played a critical role in helping launch the Victorian Paediatric Cancer Consortium (VPCC). This new consortium has allowed Hudson Institute's childhood cancer research to accelerate like never before. In October, the Children's Cancer Foundation was instrumental in creating yet another catalytic initiative.

Through tireless petitioning, a groundbreaking pledge was made by the Victorian Government to invest \$35 million to support childhood cancer research. Additionally, the Children's Cancer Foundation has contributed an additional \$10 million, amplifying the collective effort of childhood cancer researchers and ensuring continuity and extension of our life-saving work.



Dr Dongmei Tong

Can Too Foundation

Hudson Institute was honoured to commence a new funding relationship in 2022 with the innovative and inspiring Can Too Foundation. Committed to funding cancer research, Can Too is an independent health promotion charity that believes everyone can achieve goals they once thought impossible. Can Too was specifically drawn to the cancer research being conducted by our early career cancer researchers and has committed to supporting Dr Dongmei Tong, whose cancer research is identifying biomarkers for stomach lymphoma.



Dr Beth Allison

Cerebral Palsy Alliance

For more than 70 years, Cerebral Palsy Alliance has been helping anyone living with neurological and physical disabilities to lead the most comfortable, independent and inclusive life possible. One of the ways they provide this support is through strong on-going commitment to funding high quality research. Research Group Head of Perinatal Cardiovascular Physiology Dr Beth Allison received funding from the Cerebral Palsy Alliance to assist her research into the pregnancy complication, fetal growth restriction (FGR), which affects up to 10 per cent of pregnancies worldwide. With the Cerebral Palsy Alliance's support, Dr Allison can continue her examination of how babies with FGR can have the best chance of maximising their potential.



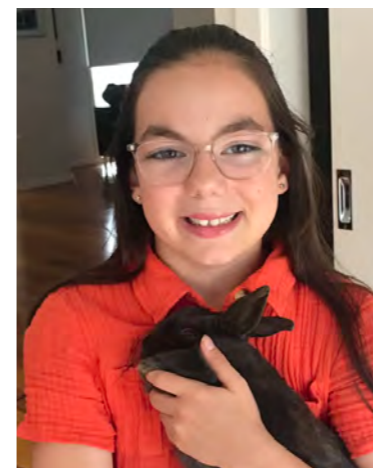
Dr Maree Bilandzic

Ovarian Cancer Research Foundation

We are proud to continue our longstanding partnership with the Ovarian Cancer Research Foundation (OCRF). With their support, the search for a breakthrough in early detection of ovarian cancer continues. Funding received from OCRF in 2022 continues to support Dr Andrew Stephens' ovarian cancer research, the OCRF tissue bank at Hudson Institute, and Dr Maree Bilandzic's precision medicine program that directs treatment options. Additionally, new funding from OCRF is supporting Professor Ron Firestein to lead a project investigating ways to disrupt the workings of a protein that increases the ability of cancer cells to grow and metastasize.

Community rallies for Jessica

If it takes a village to raise a child, the same village will often come together to mourn a young person taken too soon.



Jessica Lindner

That was the sad but inspiring story surrounding the death of 13-year-old Jessica Lindner. Diagnosed with a rare form of brain cancer, Jessica fought until the last moments, but eventually succumbed to the disease. It wasn't the end of her story, though – it actually marked a new beginning.

Throughout their cancer journey, the Lindner family became familiar with the research into rare childhood cancers being undertaken at Hudson Institute, as Jessica's tumour was biopsied and analysed at Hudson Institute before a customised treatment regime was designed.

After that experience, and the devastation of losing their daughter, they chose to create something positive out of their grief, giving hope to other families who might find themselves in a similar situation.

Susi and Luke Lindner requested that friends, family and colleagues make donations in Jessica's name instead of gifts or flowers. That decision resulted in nearly \$10,000 being raised by the Lindner family's community. When Luke's employer Invetech pledged an extra \$11,000, they had raised almost \$21,000.

That total was enough for Hudson Institute to purchase a digital microscope with computer software that allows us to recognise and analyse cancer cells grown from patients.

It is also an excellent tool for training PhD students, medical students and paediatric oncology research fellows in childhood brain cancer research.

"By raising funds in Jessica's name for this important research, we are hopeful that one day another family won't have to lose a child to a similar disease."

Luke Lindner

The microscope, with a plaque in Jessica's memory, was unveiled in late 2022 in the Centre for Cancer Research in a touching ceremony attended by the Lindner family.

Now, as well as their cherished memories of a daughter and sister, Jessica's family have an enduring legacy in her name that they know will bring treatments and cures for rare childhood cancers closer to reality.

The Will to live

Philanthropy: noun

1. *The effort or inclination to increase the wellbeing of humankind, as by charitable aid or donations.*

2. *Love of humankind in general.*

The word philanthropist may not sit comfortably with Janine Flatt, but it describes her perfectly. As in so many cases, a tragic bereavement – the death of her husband – was the catalyst for Janine's decision to donate to medical research. But that's just a reflection of the spirit that inspired it – the love of humankind in general.

As an African-American US military veteran, Bruce Hall never knew he was in a high-risk group for stomach cancer

"I'm not a millionaire and there are other diseases I could have donated to, but stomach cancer is so much more prevalent than I'd realised, and I know my donation will make a difference."

Janine Flatt, donor

linked to gastric bacteria (*H.pylori*) infection. Even when he was diagnosed with *H.pylori* infection in April 2017, there was no mention of increased cancer risk.

So, no-one expected this fit, non-smoking teetotaler to succumb to the disease at the age of 64. Piling stress on top of Janine's grief, Bruce died without a Will, leaving Australian-born Janine alone in the USA, with a lengthy and draining legal process to settle his affairs.

So, when Janine heard about Dr Richard Ferrero's research at Hudson Institute into precisely this condition, she decided a donation from Bruce's estate was an effective and appropriate way to help others avoid a similar fate.

Janine is in good company, too – another significant funder of this research is the US government itself.

"I felt so strongly about this link between *H.pylori* and cancer, and then to find out it's so prevalent among people just like

Bruce, I wanted to make a difference if I could," Janine said.

"It is good to hear the US Dept of Defense look beyond their immediate shores to fund and utilise the research skills of those at Hudson Institute."



L-R: Janine Flatt, Bruce Hall

Now living back in Australia, unsurprisingly, one of the first things Janine asks people is: "Do you have a Will?"

PEOPLE

Research excellence

Hudson Institute's discoveries are supported by competitive, peer-reviewed funding, which underpins our researchers' salaries and research projects.

Competitive fellowships and grants awarded by the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC), the Medical Research Future Fund (MRFF) and philanthropic and industry funding bodies are selected in a highly competitive process, where expert panels assess and rank applications on scientific merit, innovation and track record.

When a researcher's grant proposal is successful, it demonstrates how highly they are regarded by their peers. However, the competition for available grants is extremely strong and limited budgets mean only a small percentage of applications receive funding.



Associate Professor Robin Hobbs

ARC Discovery Grant

Research area: Reproductive health, male fertility and cancer



Associate Professor Samuel Forster

CSL Centenary Fellowship

Research area: Microbiome, IBD, AMR



Dr Kelly Crossley

NHMRC Ideas Grant

Research area: Newborn health, newborn breathing



Dr Natalia Sampaio

mRNA Victoria Activation Program Grant

Research area: Inflammation, RNA



Associate Professor Rebecca Lim

NHMRC Development Grant

Research area: Inflammation, stem cell therapies



Dr Fiona Cousins

NHMRC Ideas Grant

Research area: Reproductive health, endometriosis



Professor Suzanne Miller

NHMRC Investigator Grant

Research area: Fetal growth restriction, newborn health



Associate Professor Michael Gantier

mRNA Victoria Research Acceleration Fund

Victorian Government COVID-19 Treatments Medical Research Fund

NHMRC Ideas Grant

Research area: Inflammation, RNA, autoimmune diseases



Associate Professor Michelle Tate

NHMRC Ideas Grant

Research area: Inflammation, influenza



Dr Catherine Carmichael

Victorian Cancer Agency Mid-Career Research Fellowship

Research area: Cancer, acute myeloid leukaemia



Professor Brendan Jenkins

US Department of Defense (DoD) Grants

Research area: Inflammation, stomach cancer, pancreatic cancer



Dr Claire Sun

Victorian Cancer Agency Early Career Research Fellowship

Research area: Cancer, childhood cancer



Associate Professor Jaclyn Pearson

Superstars of STEM

Sylvia and Charles Viertel Charitable Foundation Senior Medical Research Fellowship

Research area: Inflammation, antimicrobial resistance



Associate Professor Patrick Western

NHMRC Ideas Grant

Research area: Reproductive health, inherited diseases

COLLABORATIVE AWARDS

Collaboration generates innovation

Seed Funding Awards

Australia's health and medical research sector has the potential to be one of the most innovative and commercially successful in the world – employing thousands of people and creating preventative therapies, vaccines and treatments for the betterment of human health.

However, a constrained funding environment means many promising early and mid-career scientists no longer necessarily receive funding for their research, even when it is assessed as 'outstanding' by peer review.

Hudson Institute's Research Committee established the Innovation Seed Awards to provide seed funding to support innovative blue-sky ideas, interdisciplinary research, and collaborations between researchers. This funding allows researchers to gather the baseline data for out-of-the-box ideas – and provides a clear pathway to sustainable funding.

“Seed funding is crucial for starting innovative research projects and collecting critical data needed to secure funding. Importantly, this funding also builds multi-disciplinary teams that bring unique perspectives and resources to challenge the status quo.”

Professor Ron Firestein, co-chair, Research Committee

Senior Researcher Award Winners

**Dr Beth Allison,
Professor Mark Hedger**

Project title | Finding a new marker for brain injury following birth

Disease impact | Brain injury at birth, cerebral palsy

**Associate Professor
Simon Chu
Dr Wilson Wong**

Project title | Utilising powerful imaging technology to uncover drug targets

Disease impact | Ovarian granulosa cell tumours

**Dr Robert Galinsky,
Professor Richard Ferrero**

Project title | A new approach to investigating infection-related inflammation in the preterm brain

Disease impact | Preterm brain

**Associate Professor
Jun Yang, Dr Miranda Davies-Tuck**

Project title | Aldosterone and renin in hypertensive disorders of pregnancy (ALDOHOP study)

Disease impact | Hypertension in pregnancy

Postdoctoral Researcher Award Winners

**Dr Rukmali Wijayarathna,
Dr Eveline de Geus**

Project title | Could interferon-epsilon protect against viruses affecting male reproduction?

Disease impact | Protecting the male reproductive system against viruses, e.g. mumps, Zika virus and herpes simplex virus

**Dr Le Ying,
Dr Raissa Wibawa**

Project title | Establishing a novel stem cell model to study Legionnaires' disease

Disease impact | Legionnaires' disease, pneumonia

**Dr Marius Dannappel,
Dr Catherine Carmichael**

Project title | Identifying novel regulators of immune cell function and differentiation

Disease impact | Inflammation and cancer

**Dr Shanti Gurung,
Dr Michelle Chonwerawong**

Project title | Treating gastrointestinal-graft-versus-host-disease with endometrial mesenchymal stem cells

Disease impact | Graft-versus-host-disease, gastrointestinal tract

EQUITY AND DIVERSITY

Who are we?

Our scientists and students come from all corners of the globe to advance medical science in their various fields. Together, they represent 29 countries and speak 27 languages. Having a rich diversity of knowledge and experience is the lifeblood of scientific discovery. We foster an inclusive and positive culture for all staff regardless of age, race, religion, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability, or spiritual belief.

During the year, the **Equity & Diversity and Culture & Engagement Committees** organise a broad range of events to celebrate and share our rich diversity. Here are some of the 2022 highlights in our celebration calendar.

International Women's Day: We recognised our team of strong, passionate, intelligent and committed women.

Harmony Day: We celebrated multiculturalism, inclusiveness and belonging.

Pride Month: It was time for our rainbow pins to sparkle and to add a splash of colour in support of LGBTQI+ friends and colleagues.

National Reconciliation Week: With the theme 'Be Brave. Make Change', we acknowledged our shared histories, cultures and achievements, and how we all contribute to them.

NAIDOC Week: We celebrated the history, culture and achievements of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

Wellbeing Week: This comprised a week of celebrations – including RUOK? Day – to remind us to take the time to look after our individual and collective wellbeing.

LGBTQI+ STEM Day: This featured the 'LGBTQI+ Morning Tea', with the sharing of rainbow baking treats.



COMMUNITY

Scientists in action

During the year, our scientists joined in a range of activities, giving back to the communities that support medical research.



The Hon Jaala Pulford, Minister for Innovation, Medical Research and the Digital Economy, views artwork with Professor Elizabeth Hartland and Dr Susanne Iltschner.

Art-meets-science education event

Communicating Endo through Art was a community event showcasing works from Australian and French artists living with endometriosis. The evening, attended by the Hon Jaala Pulford, Minister for Innovation, Medical Research and the Digital Economy, provided an open forum for people living with the disease, supporters, scientists and clinicians to discuss leading-edge endometriosis research. Speakers included Professors Caroline Gargett and Elizabeth Hartland, the event's instigator, Dr Susanne Iltschner, and, from Endometriosis Australia, Directors Maree Davenport and Monica Forlano.



L-R: Associate Professor Jun Yang and volunteer

May Measurement Month

Despite detection taking just minutes, high blood pressure continues to claim the lives of millions each year. To raise awareness during May Measurement Month, Associate Professor Jun Yang set up a monitoring station offering free blood pressure checks to visitors at Monash Medical Centre.



Neve presents the fundraising cheque to Associate Professor Simon Chu

Ride4Research

Associate Professor Simon Chu cycled 900 kilometres from Canberra to Melbourne for Ride4Research in May, organised by ROC Inc (Rare Ovarian Cancer Incorporated). A/Prof Simon Chu studies granulosa cell tumours (GCT), with much of his funding coming from ROC Inc. GCT survivor, eight-year-old Neve, who is the youngest person diagnosed with ovarian cancer (aged 11 months), led the cyclists across the finish line.



L-R: Melissa Loi, Dr Vanessa Tsui, Eliza Metcalfe, Naama Neeman, Dr Claire Sun, Shazia Adjumain, Monty Panday, Dr Nicole Chew and Dr Yuqing Liang

Million Dollar Lunch

The Children's Cancer Foundation's (CCF) fundraiser The Million Dollar Lunch was back in August 2022 after a pandemic hiatus. Cancer scientists were there on the day to help achieve a record tally.



Dr Jason Cain and family

Connor's Run

Cancer scientists and their families took part in Connor's Run in September to raise money for the Robert Connor Dawes (RCD) Foundation, which supports paediatric brain cancer research and clinical care.



L-R: Brittany Doran, Maria Petraki, Dr Yiqian Chen, Teharn Hegarty, Dr Amy Wilson, Dr Laura Moffitt and Trang Tran

Frocktober

Ovarian cancer scientists frocked up to support the Ovarian Cancer Research Foundation (OCRF) Frocktober campaign, raising funds and awareness. Our team is working on an effective early detection test and new treatments.



L-R: Dr Yuqing Liang, Dr Paul Daniel, Shazia Adjumain and Dr Claire Sun

Koala Kids

Koala Kids helps children and families going through cancer treatment. In August, childhood cancer scientists swapped their lab coats for high vis vests, volunteering in the Koala Kids warehouse.



Run Melbourne, team Hudson

Run Melbourne

In July, more than 50 scientists, staff and their families donned their runners to raise funds at Run Melbourne in support of our Young Women in STEM program – a two-week immersive laboratory experience for 12 local female high school students.

Inspiring young scientists

Hudson Institute's Young Women in Science program provides an intensive one-week immersive laboratory experience program for 12 local Year 10 high school students.

Evidence shows that having a STEM role model plays a big part of choosing STEM subjects at school and STEM careers.

The program gives young women an insight into the science underpinning medical research, with the aim of inspiring a career in science. Each

student is partnered with a leading female scientist for a 'behind the scenes' insight into the laboratory science underpinning medical research.

Students spend their time immersed in laboratory life – learning how to formulate and test hypotheses, prepare experiments, draw conclusions and join in lab meetings and group discussions. They also tour the state-of-the-art technology platforms used by our scientists and, on their final day, present work to their group, teachers and family.

"We hope this program gives young women the courage and confidence to

continue their studies in science, leading to a greater representation of women as STEM leaders," said endometriosis researcher and program convenor, Dr Fiona Cousins.

"Initiatives such as this aim to help young women see the breadth of career opportunities available, as well as connect them with a successful female mentor for advice on how to carve out a career in this industry," she said.

Young Women in Science was made possible by funds raised by Hudson Institute staff, students, and supporters in this year's Run Melbourne event.



Back row: Professor Elizabeth Hartland, Dr Fiona Cousins, Aimee Booth. Second back row: Luvleen Chand, Mohana Lakshminarayanan, Annabelle Lau, Neo Menger. Second front row: Grace Groves, Amaal Ibrahim, Mandy Lai, Shazfa Mohamed Shafee. Front row: Ashleigh Puar, Van Lai Diki Khupno, Arushi Tandon

While girls and boys perform similarly in STEM subjects at school, at tertiary level only 19 per cent of girls study STEM subjects compared to 42 per cent of boys.

Women make up only 28 per cent of the workplace in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (or STEM) careers.

Evidence shows that having a STEM role model plays a big part in choosing STEM subjects at school and STEM careers.

OUR STUDENTS

Life as an explorer

In 2022, 176 Honours, Masters and PhD students were mentored by senior scientists at Hudson Institute. Here, PhD candidate Ellen Jarred and her supervisor, Associate Professor Patrick Western, share their research and the role of mentorship in science. A/Prof Western also co-chairs Hudson Institute's Education and Training Committee.

What is your research about?

We study how information is programmed into eggs (oocytes) to produce healthy offspring and what happens if this information is disrupted. This non-genetic information is called 'epigenetic', or above the gene, and influences the combinations of genes turned on or off in cells.

We hope that our research will one day ... determine how epigenetics is important in female reproductive health and oocytes, and how our lifestyle choices, such as our diet or the drugs we take, may influence our health, and potentially that of our future offspring.

Dr Ellen Jarred PhD student

I chose to study in Patrick's group because ... I was instantly intrigued by his work in epigenetics when I met him at Student Open Day. He is passionate about science and is a kind and approachable mentor.

I chose this career because ... being a scientist is like being an explorer – I get to dive into the world of the cell and make new discoveries about how our genes are regulated to make all the diverse cell types in our body.

The highlight of my year was ... completing my PhD! This is something I had never imagined was possible, so it was a very proud moment to realise I had achieved this milestone.

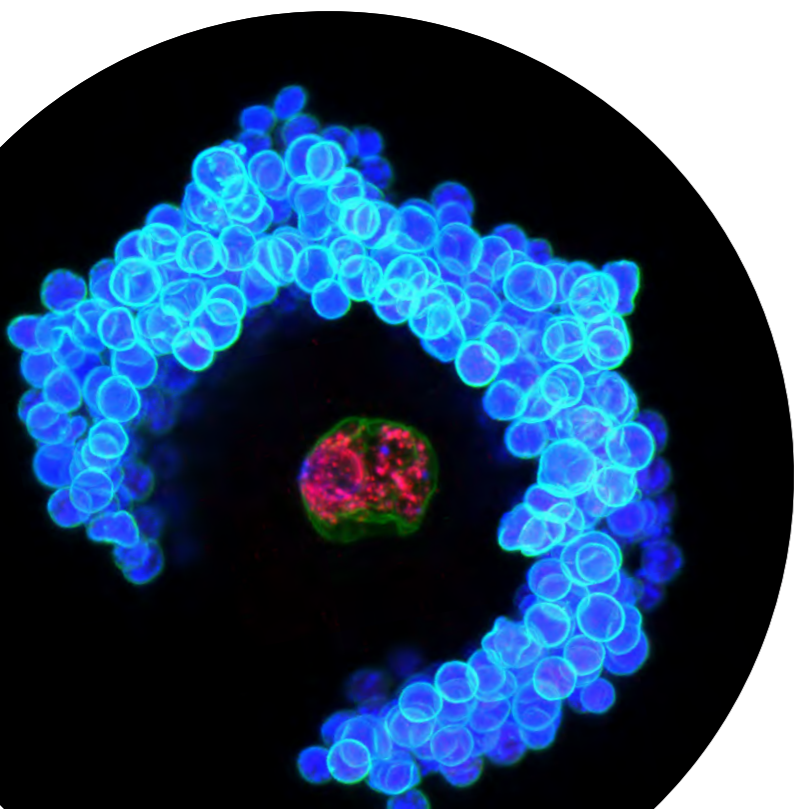
The best part of my job ... is getting to see under the microscope how clever (and beautiful) biology can be.

Associate Professor Patrick Western Supervisor

The most fascinating thing about my research is ... understanding how the amazing diversity of cell types arise from a single fertilised cell to form a highly complex individual. Epigenetics not only regulates cell formation and function but provides a potential interface between our environment and health. I aim to determine how epigenetics and lifestyle choices influence development and health in ourselves plus our offspring.

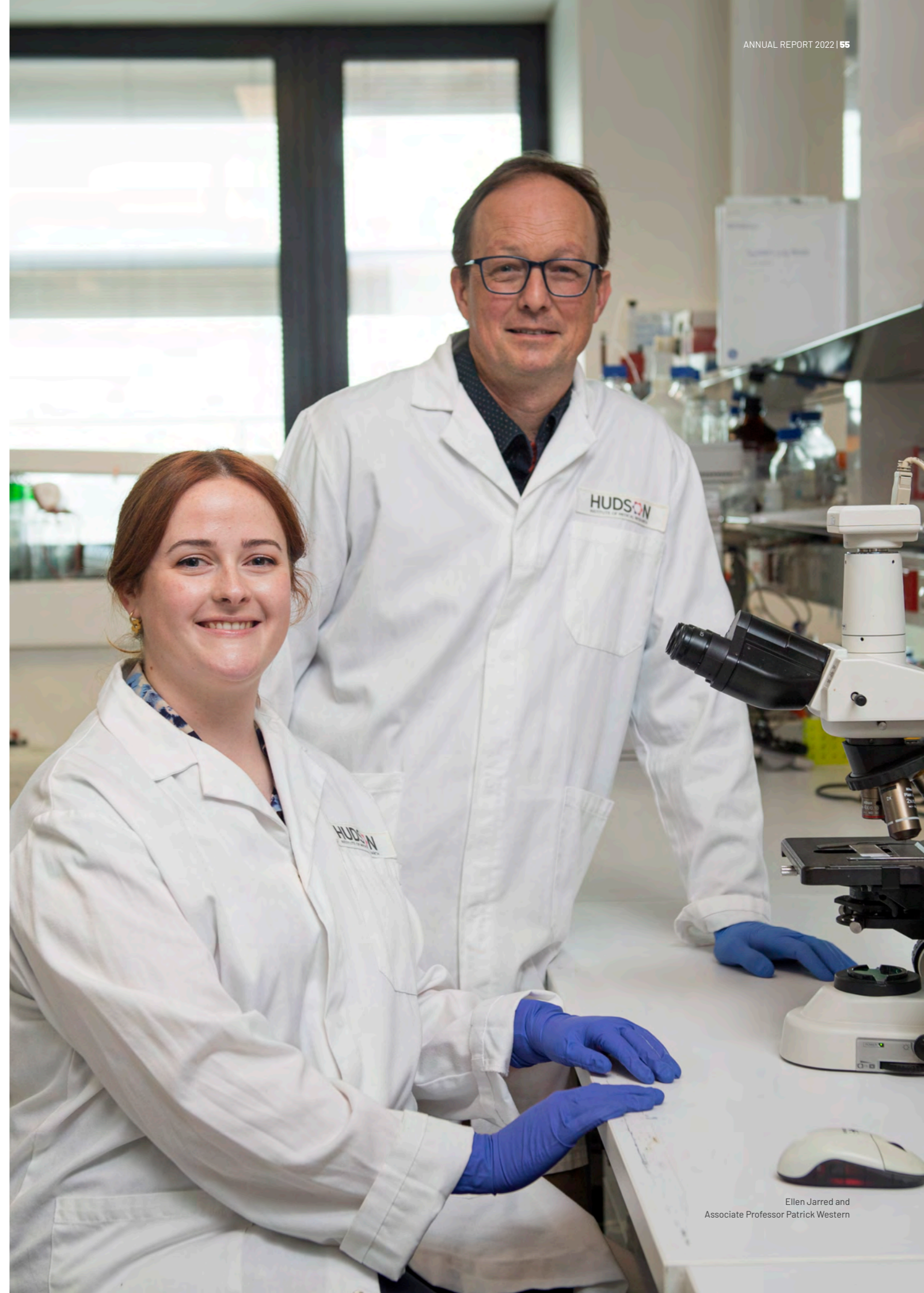
To succeed, a scientist needs ... curiosity, a healthy dose of scepticism, resilience, and respect for the data. Believe in your ideas and persist when you think you are onto something new and exciting, but also keep your mind open to alternative possibilities.

The most important things I can teach my team is ... to be open, honest, and supportive. Enjoy your work, your successes and those of others – especially colleagues new to the research adventure.



Oocyte (egg) surrounded by supporting cells

Ellen's image received a commendation in Light Microscopy Australia's competition.



Ellen Jarred and
Associate Professor Patrick Western

GRADUATES

Graduates of 2022

Congratulations to our 66 Postgraduate and Honours students

Doctor of Philosophy

Dr Mohammad Ahamd Alanazi

Role of Inflammasomes in lung cancer

Supervisors: Prof Brendan Jenkins, Dr Mohamed Saad

Dr Vederalage (Shiraz) Badurdeen

Improving transition at birth for the compromised infant

Supervisors: Prof Stuart Hooper AM, A/ Prof Peter Davis, Prof Graeme Polglase

Dr Julia Bender (Joint Badged PhD – Monash University & Justus-Liebig University)

Regulation of immune responses in the normal and infected testis: Role of sertoli cell-derived activins

Supervisors: Prof Mark Hedger, Prof Kate Loveland, Prof Andreas Meinhardt

Dr Jia Bian

Genetic and proteomic screening reveals B-catenin-dependent transcriptional regulation in colorectal cancer

Supervisors: Prof Ron Firestein, Dr Xin (Claire) Sun, Dr Daniel Garama

Dr Eva Chan

Defining stem cell function and environmental interactions in gastrointestinal development

Supervisors: Prof Helen Abud, A/Prof Samuel Forster, Dr Edward Giles, Dr Christian Nefzger

Dr Gemma D'Adamo

Characterisation and validation of novel biomarkers and therapeutic candidates in paediatric inflammatory bowel disease

Supervisors: A/Prof Samuel Forster, Dr Edward Giles, Prof Paul Hertzog

Dr Deborah De Guingand

Creatine metabolism in pregnancy and potential for creatine supplementation in human pregnancy

Supervisors: Dr Kirsten Palmer, Dr Stacey Ellery

Dr Ruth Escalona

The role of metzincins and TIMPs in ovarian cancer

Supervisors: Prof Jock Findlay, Prof Nuzhat Ahmed, A/Prof Harry Georgiou

Dr Samira Hosseini (CRH) (Joint Badged PhD – Monash University & Justus-Liebig University)

Testicular immune cells in murine and human fetal development and implications for male reproductive health

Supervisors: Dr Daniela Fietz, Prof Mark Hedger, Prof Kate Loveland, Prof HC Schuppe

Dr Jiyao Gan

Molecular insights into Salmonella-host cell interactions

Supervisors: Prof Elizabeth Hartland, Dr Cristina Giogha

Dr U-Shane (Steph) Huang

Characterisation of differential signalling of type 1 interferons through cognate receptor subunits

Supervisors: Prof Paul Hertzog, Dr Nicole De Weerd

Dr Ellen Jarred

The role of PRC2 in female reproduction

Supervisors: A/Prof Patrick Western, Dr Te-Sha Tsai, Dr Jessica Stringer

Dr Assema Lalzad

Cranial ultrasound of the newborn: Knowledge, practice and safety

Supervisors: Prof Michal Schneider, A/ Prof Flora Wong

Dr Anqi Li

Developing automated solutions for cell manufacturing using counterflow centrifugation technology

Supervisors: A/Prof Rebecca Lim, Dr David James, Dr Gina Kusuma

Dr Quinton Luong

Functional genomic screening to identify mechanisms of platinum resistance in small cell lung cancer

Supervisors: Dr Daniel Gough, Prof Jake Shortt

Dr Merrin Allegra Pang

Markers of pulmonary arterial hypertension in infants with BPD

Supervisors: Prof Claudia Nold, Prof Marcel Nold, Dr Sarah Jones

Dr Sigrid Petautschnig

Determining the role of maternal epigenetic inheritance in offspring brain development and behaviour

Supervisors: A/Prof Patrick Western, Prof Maarten Van Den Buuse

Dr Raouda Sgaier (Joint PhD – Monash University & Justus-Liebig University)

Proteomics and male Infertility: Seminal plasma and blood biomarkers as predictors of successful sperm retrieval

Supervisors: Prof Thorsten Diemer, Dr Liza O'Donnell, Dr Adrian Pilatz, A/Prof Peter Stanton

Dr Hui (Claire) Shi

Identification of therapeutic vulnerabilities in atypical teratoid rhabdoid tumour

Supervisors: Prof Ron Firestein, Dr Duncan Crombie

Dr Sarah Straub

Type 1 IFN signaling

Supervisors: Prof Paul Hertzog, Prof Eicke Latz

Dr Tomalika Rahmat Ullah

Impact of flavonoid compounds on cGAS STING pathway

Supervisors: A/Prof Michael Gantier, Prof Paul Hertzog

Students at a glance 2022



176

STUDENTS
126 PHD
4 MASTERS
46 HONOURS



47

STUDENTS
WITH MEDICAL
TRAINING



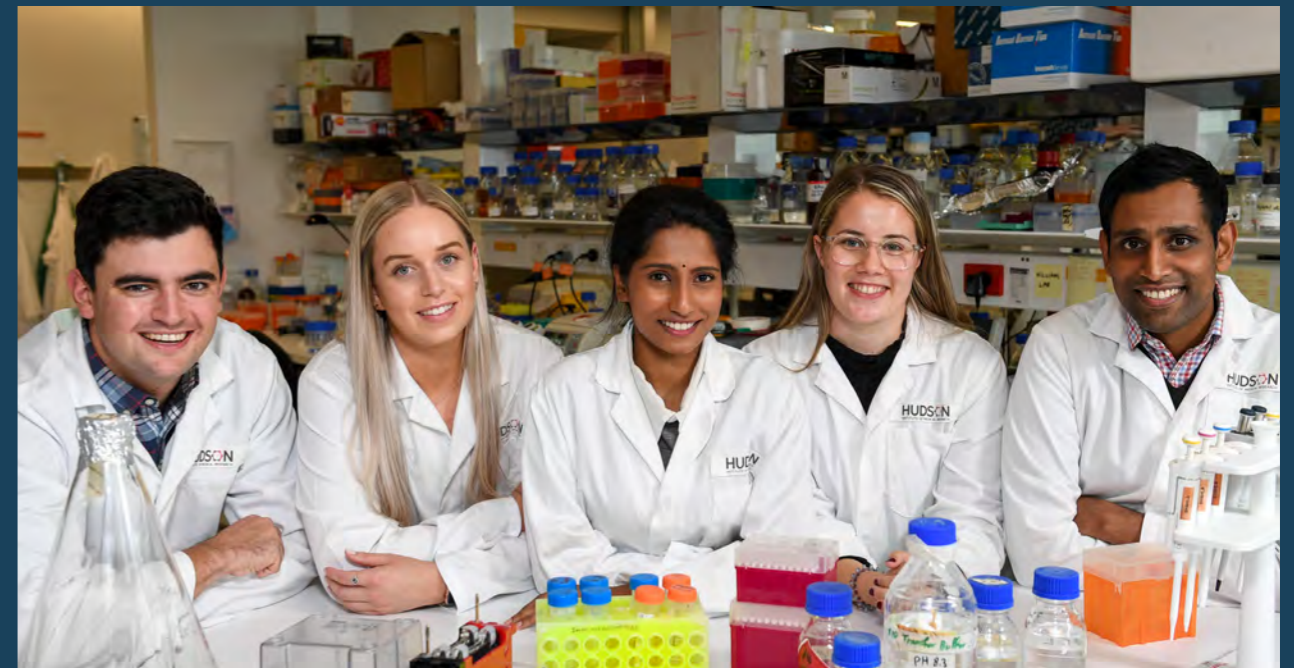
41

STUDENT
FIRST AUTHOR
PUBLICATIONS



66

POSTGRADUATE
AND HONOURS
STUDENTS
COMPLETED



L-R: Alex Bell, Dr Laura Moffitt, Rama Ravinthiran, Georgie Wray-MacCann, Dr Shan Balachandran

Bachelor of Biomedical Science (Honours)

Ms Dima Abdu
Ms Anuja Bawiskar
Ms Natasha Borash
Mr Alexander Bur
Ms Alina Dahiya
Mr Minh Dinh
Miss Ceenin Hasan
Ms Erandi Rupasinghe
Ms Nicky Stephanou
Mr James Thompson
Ms Isabelle Townend

Bachelor of Medical Science (Honours)

Miss Alyssa Shafa Andiana
Miss Fei Chan
Mr William Coote
Mr Angus Robb Cramond
Miss Nadia Saffanah Elvirenia
Miss Natalie Evans
Miss Tara Finkelstein
Miss Sue Liu
Miss Molly McLaughlin
Miss Vanessa Maritza
Miss YiJie Neo
Ms Josephine Owen
Ms Shanika Palawaththa
Mr Jalen Ren
Mr Samuel Robinson
Miss Lena Scally-Leprevost
Mr Harry Taylor
Mr Benjamin Townley
Mr Zachary Tuttle

Bachelor of Science (Honours)

Ms Lubna Dakakni
Ms Tejaswi Dama
Ms Cailin Diedricks
Mr Andre Espiritu
Ms Nicole Ghaly
Ms Sophee Hamilton
Ms Olivia Martinez
Ms Ricki Marzan
Ms Natasha Mitchell
Ms Wardah Mohamed Nasir
Ms Emma Taylor
Ms Lynda Truong
Ms Varnika Vaddiraju
Miss Mazine Yap
Ms Indiana Zorkau

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The directors of Hudson Institute of Medical Research Board, 31 December 2022



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Resigned: December 2022



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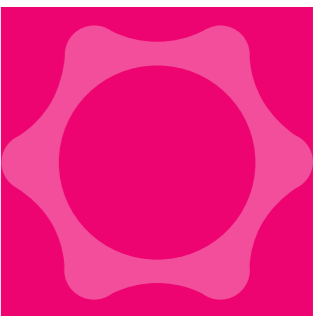
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Organisation structure



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